EVERY NAME OR TERM USED IN ANSWERS IS ALSO IMPORTANT….YOU SHOULD KNOW SOMETHING ABOUT THEM TOO!!!

PLEASE NOTE AT LEAST TWO QUESTIONS HAVE MULTIPLE ANSWERS….

1. The Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) was adopted in what year?
   a. 1962
   b. 1968
   c. 1972
   d. 1978

2. In what year did the Bay Area Rapid Transit System (BART) begin?
   a. 1965
   b. 1972
   c. 1974
   d. 1978

3. Which of the following is not part of the AICP Code of Ethics?
   a. Assist in the clarification of community goals, objectives and policies in plan-making.
   b. A planner must have special concern for the long range consequences of present actions.
   c. A planner must strive to expand choice and opportunity for all persons, recognizing a special responsibility to plan for the needs of disadvantaged groups and person, and must urge the alteration of policies, institutions and decisions which oppose such needs.
   d. A planner must strive to give citizens the opportunity to have a meaningful impact on the development of plans and programs. Participation should be broad enough to include people who lack formal organization or influence.

4. Which year was the Americans with Disabilities Act passed?
   a. 1990
   b. 1992
   c. 1994
   d. 1996

5. Which of the following would be included as an element of a comprehensive plan?
   a. Land Use Plan
   b. Demographics
   c. Historic Preservation
   d. Implementation Schedule
6. What movement is Washington, D.C. an example of?
   a. Public Health
   b. City Beautiful
   c. Garden City
   d. City Efficient

7. What concept is Ebenezer Howard Associated with?
   a. City Beautiful
   b. PUD
   c. CIP
   d. Garden City

8. What concept did Penn Central Transportation Co. v The City of New York (US Supreme Court) first introduce?
   a. PUD
   b. Eminent domain
   c. TDR
   d. Impact Fees

9. What did Jane Jacobs write?
   a. Children of the poor
   b. White City
   c. Rural by design
   d. Death and life of great American cities

10. Which of the following is a source of point-source pollution?
    a. Farm
    b. Wetlands
    c. Sewer pipe
    d. Chemical factory

11. Which of the following is Peter Drucker associated?
    a. ZBB
    b. PERT
    c. MBO
    d. TIF

12. Krumholz’s as Planning Director for the City of Cleveland utilized?
    a. Communicative planning
    b. Transactive planning
    c. Advocacy planning
    d. Rational planning
13. Transportation Demand Management strategies include all but?
   a. Car pools
   b. Expanding the number of lanes on a highway
   c. Bicycle racks on buses
   d. Guaranteed ride home program

14. The Burnham Plan for Chicago was released in what year?
   a. 1900
   b. 1908
   c. 1909
   d. 1912

15. What organization did Peter Calthorpe found?
   a. Sierra club
   b. American planning association
   c. Congress for new urbanism
   d. ASPO

16. Who was the father of regional planning?
   a. Edward Bassett
   b. Daniel Burnham
   c. Ian McHarg
   d. Patrick Geddes

17. Who was the father of zoning?
   a. Ian McHarg
   b. Lawrence Veiller
   c. Edward Bassett
   d. Paul Davidoff

18. Who was the father of city planning?
   a. Patrick Geddes
   b. Daniel Burnham
   c. Etzioni
   d. Saul Alinksy

19. Who was the father of modern ecology?
   a. Krumholz
   b. Lindblom
   c. McHarg
   d. Davidoff
20. Who was the father of the modern housing code?
   a. Lawrence Veiller
   b. Patrick Geddes
   c. Edward Bassett
   d. Daniel Burnham

21. Who was the father of advocacy planning?
   a. Burgess
   b. Hoyt
   c. Davidoff
   d. Christaller

22. Who was known for satisficing?
   a. Friedmann
   b. Lindblom
   c. Krumholz
   d. Simon

23. What was Saul Alinsky know for?
   a. Incrementalism
   b. Equity
   c. Community organization
   d. Transportation oriented design

24. Who is known for Management by Objective (MBO)?
   a. Calthrope
   b. Bettman
   c. Drucker
   d. Burgess

25. Which is Burgess associated with?
   a. Sector
   b. Concentric ring
   c. Multi-nuclei
   d. Central place

26. Which of the following is associated with Central Place theory?
   a. Christaller
   b. Hoyt
   c. Harris
   d. Ullman
27. Which is Hoyt associated with?
   a. Concentric ring
   b. Central place
   c. Multi-nuclei
   d. Sector

28. Who was the first president of the ACPI?
   a. Frederick Law Olmstead
   b. Frederick Law Olmstead Jr.
   c. Paul Davidoff
   d. Daniel Burnham

29. What case did Alfred Bettman argue?
   a. South Burlington County NAACP v Township of Mount Laurel
   b. Fasano v Board of Co. Commissioners of Washington Co.
   c. Golden v Planning Board of the Town of Ramapo
   d. Village of Euclid v Ambler Realty Co.

30. Which of the following groups of planning philosophies came before the City Humane Movement?
   a. City Functional, City Efficient, City Beautiful and Garden City
   b. Garden City, Agrarian Philosophy, Laissez Faire, City Functional
   c. Public Health, Agrarian Philosophy, Laissez Faire, Garden City
   d. Agrarian Philosophy, Laissez Faire, Public health, City Functional

31. Who designed Letchworth and who designed Welwyn?
   a. Unwin, deSoissons
   b. Unwin, Burges
   c. Burgess, deSoissons
   d. Burgess, Unwin

32. When was the Columbian Exposition?
   a. 1891
   b. 1892
   c. 1893
   d. 1894

33. Who is known to have replaced Daniel Burnham in the 1920’s as the city planning expert?
   a. Clarence Perry
   b. Lawrence Veiller
   c. Robert Moses
   d. Paul Lawrence
34. When was the TVA established?
   a. 1930
   b. 1933
   c. 1936
   d. 1939

35. Which of the following cities was the first garden city in the United States?
   a. Reston, VA
   b. Columbia, MD
   c. Levittown, NY
   d. Radburn, NJ

36. Which of the following greenbelt towns was never completed?
   a. Greenbrook, NJ
   b. Greenbelt, MD
   c. Greenhills, OH
   d. Greendale, WI

(Did you know that greenbelt towns were originally owned by the federal government until they were sold to a private enterprise in the 1950’s during the Eisenhower Admin.)

37. Who termed the word megalopolis?
   a. Paul Davidoff
   b. Saul Alinsky
   c. Sherry Arnstein
   d. Jean Gottmann

38. Who designed Riverside, Illinois, the first model for all future American suburban land planning?
   a. Jacob Riis
   b. John Wesley Powell
   c. Ebenezer Howard
   d. Frederick Law Olmstead Sr.

39. What two railroads joined at Promontory Point, Utah to form the first transcontinental railroad?
   a. Union Pacific and Central Pacific
   b. Northern Pacific and Central Pacific
   c. Union Pacific and Northern Pacific
   d. Northern Pacific and South Pacific

40. Who founded the Sierra Club and when?
   a. John Muir, 1892
   b. John Muir, 1893
   c. Jacob Riis, 1892
   d. Jacob Riis, 1893
41. When did Ebenezer Howard write “Tomorrow: A peaceful path to real reform”?
   a. 1888
   b. 1898
   c. 1988
   d. 1998

42. Which of the following occurred in 1909?
   a. Daniel Burnham completed the first regional comprehensive plan for Chicago.
   b. Wisconsin passed the first state enabling legislation permitting cities to plan.
   c. Los Angeles was the first city to apply zoning to undeveloped lands.
   d. The first course in city planning was offered at Harvard College’s Landscape Architecture Department.
   e. All of the above

43. When did the ACIP and ASPO join to form the APA?
   a. 1976
   b. 1977
   c. 1978
   d. 1979

44. Which of the following had the highest population density in 2000?
   a. New York
   b. San Francisco
   c. Los Angeles
   d. Dallas

45. In utilizing the sector theory which land is given the highest values?
   a. Along stream corridors
   b. Along major roadways
   c. Along mountain ranges
   d. Around lakes and bodies of water

46. Which of the following cases was found to violate the first amendment’s freedom of speech?
   a. Metromedia v City of San Diego
   b. City of Renton v Playtime
   c. Mugler v Kansas
   d. Young v. American Mini Theaters

47. Who said “A budget is goals with a price tag attached.”?
   a. Etzioni
   b. Davidoff
   c. Burgess
   d. Wildavsky
48. What are LULU’s?
   a. Locally unwanted land uses
   b. Locally unwanted logical uses
   c. Locally unwanted large uses
   d. Locally unwanted laboratory uses

49. What is the programming period for a CIP?
   a. One year
   b. 1-2 years
   c. 3-4 years
   d. 5-6 years

50. What is the mean of the following numbers: 4, 6, 10, 12?
   a. 10
   b. 6
   c. 8
   d. 7

51. What is the median of the following: 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5, 5, 6, 6?
   a. 3
   b. 4
   c. 5
   d. 4.5

52. What is the mode of the following: 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4?
   a. 2
   b. 3
   c. 4
   d. 2.7

53. What is the smallest time frame using a cohort survival method of population analysis?
   a. 1 year
   b. 2 years
   c. 5 years
   d. 10 years

54. Which method uses a larger geographic area to interpolate a smaller geographic area’s population?
   a. Linear
   b. Symptomatic
   c. Cohort Survival
   d. Step-down
55. The ratio of an industry’s share of local employment divided by its share of the nation (or other higher level of government) is less than one. The area is ________ this industry’s products?
a. Importing
b. Exporting
c. Consuming
d. Transporting

56. What economic analysis is being referenced in question 55?
a. Shift-share
b. Input-output
c. Economic benefit
d. PERT

57. What percentage of households receive the long form of the US Census?
a. 83%
b. 17%
c. 50%
d. 25%

58. How many subjects are in the short form of the US Census?
a. 7
b. 8
c. 9
d. 10

59. What percentage of Americans lived in urbanized areas in the 2000 Census, the shortest since 1820?
a. 86%
b. 78%
c. 68%
d. 50%

60. A MSA includes:
a. At least 2,500 but less than 50,000 and a population density of 1,000 persons per square mile
b. Urban nucleus of 50,000 or more with a core density of 1,000 persons per square mile
c. Population of 2,000 to 8,000 people
d. At least one city with 50,000 or more and a total metropolitan population of 100,000
61. Which is the smallest level at which all data released?
    a. Urban cluster
    b. Census block group
    c. Census block
    d. Census tract

62. A tribal designated statistical area is?
    a. A unit drawn by tribes that do not have a recognized area
    b. A unit drawn which recognizes an area for a tribe determined by the Federal Government
    c. A unit drawn which recognizes an area for a tribe determined by the State Government
    d. A unit only used in 29 states and usually corresponds to a municipality

63. The American Community Survey will replace the ____________?
    a. Long form
    b. Short form
    c. Census block
    d. Census tract

64. Baby boomers are those born between the years of?
    a. 1940-1945
    b. 1965-1976
    c. 1977-2000
    d. 1946-1964

65. Generation X are those born between the years of?
    a. 1977-2000
    b. 1965-1976
    c. 1940-1945
    d. 1946-1964

66. Echo Boomers (aka: Generation Y) are those born between the years of?
    a. 1977-2000
    b. 1965-1976
    c. 1940-1945
    d. 1946-1964

67. What two cities does Jean Gottman’s book discuss?
    a. Dallas & Fort Worth
    b. Philadelphia, PA & Trenton, NJ
    c. Washington DC & Alexandria, VA
    d. Washington DC & Boston, MA
68. What is the largest tribal land holding in acres? (note for all others that are not the answer they are the answer to other questions that you should know).
   a. 40 Million
   b. 52 Million
   c. 191 Million
   d. 16 Million

69. What is the largest concrete structure in the US in 1941?
   a. Grand Coulee Dam
   b. Hoover Dam
   c. Chesapeake Bay Bridge Tunnel
   d. Golden Gate Bridge

70. What is another name for CERCLA?
   a. SARA
   b. RCRA
   c. NEPA
   d. SUPERFUND

71. What year was SARA passed?
   a. 1980
   b. 1984
   c. 1986
   d. 1988

72. Which is a better insulation for a ceiling?
   a. R-16
   b. R-19
   c. R-22
   d. R-30

73. What is the purpose of the 100th meridian?
   a. A longitudinal line
   b. A latitudinal line
   c. The equator
   d. Separates east and west by rainfall

74. Wrack is? (know what the others describe too.)
   a. Glacial form shaped like ½ of a hard boiled egg
   b. Long narrow hill of sand and gravel in an area once covered by ice
   c. Glacial deposit of rock and soil
   d. Algae, plant & animal materials that accumulate on beaches at high water marks
75. Which of the following is a swamp or marsh type of non-tidal wetlands with cattails? (know others too.)
   a. Palustrine
   b. Lacustrine
   c. Oligotrophic
   d. Littoral

76. How many square feet are in one acre?
   a. 40,000
   b. 43,560
   c. 4,3560
   d. 435,60

77. How many acres are in one hectare?
   a. 2.47
   b. 2.48
   c. 2.49
   d. 2.5

78. How many acres in one square mile?
   a. 600
   b. 620
   c. 640
   d. 660

79. Where was the first urban growth boundary established in the US?
   a. Portland, Oregon
   b. Lancaster, Pennsylvania
   c. Los Angeles, California
   d. Lexington, Kentucky

80. What year was the first urban growth boundary established in the US?
   a. 1958
   b. 1959
   c. 1990
   d. 1991

81. What is ETJ?
   a. Uses not permitted by right
   b. Hardship associated with a parcel not allowing for development of that parcel under the zoning regulations
   c. Decreasing the intensity of development
   d. Authority granted by some states to municipalities to impose zoning and subdivision regulations beyond their jurisdiction
82. What term is associated with development of a vacant urban or suburban site that was formerly developed but is now obsolete?
   a. Brownfield development
   b. Leapfrog development
   c. Greenfield development
   d. Grayfield development

83. What year was the standard state zoning enabling act adopted?
   a. 1924
   b. 1928
   c. 1934
   d. 1938

84. What year was the standard city planning enabling act?
   a. 1924
   b. 1928
   c. 1934
   d. 1938

85. What year was RLUIPA passed?
   a. 1994
   b. 1996
   c. 1998
   d. 2000

86. Who is associated with the City as Growth Machine Theory?
   a. Logan and Molotch
   b. Harris and Ullman
   c. Home Hoyt
   d. Ernest Burgess

87. Where was the first study of the four steps in the travel demand model?
   a. Chicago, IL
   b. Los Angeles, CA
   c. Columbus, OH
   d. Boston, MA

88. Where was the first subway located?
   a. Boston, MA
   b. Washington, DC
   c. New York City, NY
   d. Los Angeles, CA
89. Who designed the first limited access highway, the Bronx River Parkway in West Chester County, NY?
   a. Robinson & Kessler
   b. Frederick Law Olmstead Sr.
   c. Ernest Burgess
   d. Robert Moses

90. In 1973 the Energy Policy Conservation Act established CAFE standards for cars and trucks. What was the standard at that time for cars?
   a. 20.7 miles/gallon
   b. 27.5 miles/gallon
   c. 30.7 miles/gallon
   d. 37.5 miles/gallon

91. In what year did Yellowstone become the first National Park?
   a. 1872
   b. 1873
   c. 1972
   d. 1973

92. Where was the first historic preservation commission designated?
   a. New York City, NY
   b. Charleston, SC
   c. Gettysburg, PA
   d. Vieux Carre, New Orleans, LA

93. Where was the first historic preservation ordinance enacted?
   a. New York City, NY
   b. Charleston, SC
   c. Gettysburg, PA
   d. Vieux Carre, New Orleans, LA

94. What was the first significant legal case concerning historic preservation?
   a. US v Gettysburg Electric Railway Co
   b. Penn Central Transportation Co. v New York City
   c. Eubank v City of Richmond
   d. Jones v Mayer

95. Who promoted a dream city “Radiant City”?
   a. Frank Lloyd Wright
   b. LeCorbusier
   c. Louis Wirth
   d. James Rouse
96. Who wrote “Edgeless City in 2002?
   a. Robert Lang
   b. Joel Garreau
   c. Allan Jacobs
   d. Andres Duany

97. What percentage of urban residing American’s live in poverty, according to the 2000 Census?
   a. 10%
   b. 15.9%
   c. 20%
   d. 24%

98. Which Housing Act allowed for Section 701 funds (funds to be used for comprehensive planning for communities less than 25,000)?
   a. Housing Act of 1954
   b. Housing Act of 1959
   c. Housing Act of 1964
   d. Housing Act of 1965

99. Which Housing Act allowed for funds to be used for comprehensive planning for metro, state and regional levels?
   a. Housing Act of 1954
   b. Housing Act of 1959
   c. Housing Act of 1964
   d. Housing Act of 1965

100. Which Act created the HOME program?
    b. Low Income Housing Tax Credit (1986)
    c. Fair Housing Amendments (1988)
    d. Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (1990)

101. Where was the first department store located?
     a. New York City, NY
     b. Los Angeles, CA
     c. Lexington, KY
     d. Salt Lake City, Utah

102. What does ZIP Code stand for?
     a. Zone Improvement Plan Code
     b. Zoning Improvement Plan Code
     c. Zone Improvement Planning Code
     d. Zoning Improvement Planning Code
103. What is the best use of a Gantt chart?
   a. Allocation of time among various tasks
   b. Illustrate how different tasks are related
   c. Illustrates how one task must be completed before beginning another
   d. Utilizes a table with alternatives in the rows and various impact factors in columns

104. Which best describes Urban Service Areas?
   a. Area of land available for development within 20-25 years
   b. Area of land targeted for new or improved infrastructure over 5-10 years
   c. Area of land where development is channeled over time
   d. Area of land which remains free of development for future expansion of an urban growth boundary
EVERY NAME OR TERM USED IN ANSWERS IS ALSO IMPORTANT….YOU
SHOULD KNOW SOMETHING ABOUT THEM TOO!!!

PLEASE NOTE AT LEAST TWO QUESTIONS HAVE MULTIPLE ANSWERS….

1. The Coastal Zone Management Act (CZMA) was adopted in what year?
   a. 1962 – transportation funding had mandated set asides for planning
   b. 1968 – National Flood Insurance Act
   c. 1972 – correct answer
   d. 1978 – Urban Parks and Rec Recovery Act

2. In what year did the Bay Area Rapid Transit System (BART) begin?
   a. 1965 – Housing and Urban Development created
   b. 1972 – correct answer
   c. 1974 – CDBG program began
   d. 1978

3. Which of the following is not part of the AICP Code of Ethics?
   a. Assist in the clarification of community goals, objectives and policies in plan-making.
   b. A planner must have special concern for the long range consequences of present actions.
   c. A planner must strive to expand choice and opportunity for all persons, recognizing a special responsibility to plan for the needs of disadvantaged groups and person, and must urge the alteration of policies, institutions and decisions which oppose such needs. – correct answer
   d. A planner must strive to give citizens the opportunity to have a meaningful impact on the development of plans and programs. Participation should be broad enough to include people who lack formal organization or influence.

4. Which year was the Americans with Disabilities Act passed?
   a. 1990 – correct answer
   b. 1992 -
   c. 1994 – Empowerment Zones/Enterprise Zones
   d. 1996 – Telecommunications Act

5. Which of the following would be included as an element of a comprehensive plan?
   a. Land Use Plan – correct answer
   b. Demographics – correct answer
   c. Historic Preservation – correct answer
   d. Implementation Schedule – correct answer
6. What movement is Washington, D.C. an example of?
   a. Public Health
   b. City Beautiful – correct answer
   c. Garden City
   d. City Efficient

7. What concept is Ebenezer Howard Associated with?
   a. City Beautiful – Daniel Burnham
   b. PUD
   c. CIP
   d. Garden City – correct answer

8. What concept did Penn Central Transportation Co. v The City of New York (US Supreme Court) first introduce?
   a. PUD
   b. Eminent domain
   c. TDR – correct answer
   d. Impact Fees

9. What did Jane Jacobs write?
   a. Children of the poor – Jacob Riis
   b. White City – not a book, was part of the Columbian Exposition
   c. Rural by design – Randall Arendt
   d. Death and life of great American cities – correct answer

10. Which of the following is a source of point-source pollution?
    a. Farm
    b. Wetlands
    c. Sewer pipe – correct answer
    d. Chemical factory – correct answer

11. Which of the following is Peter Drucker associated?
    a. ZBB – zero based budget
    b. PERT -
    c. MBO – management by objective – correct answer
    d. TIF – tax increment financing

12. Krumholz’s as Planning Director for the City of Cleveland utilized?
    a. Communicative planning
    b. Transactive planning – correct answer
    c. Advocacy planning
    d. Rational planning
13. Transportation Demand Management strategies include all but?
   a. Car pools
   b. Expanding the number of lanes on a highway – correct answer
   c. Bicycle racks on buses
   d. Guaranteed ride home program

14. The Burnham Plan for Chicago was released in what year?
   a. 1900
   b. 1908
   c. 1909 – correct answer
   d. 1912

15. What organization did Peter Calthorpe found?
   a. Sierra club
   b. American planning association
   c. Congress for new urbanism – correct answer
   d. ASPO

16. Who was the father of regional planning?
   a. Edward Bassett – father of zoning
   b. Daniel Burnham – father of city planning
   c. Ian McHarg – father of modern ecology/environmental movement
   d. Patrick Geddes – correct answer

17. Who was the father of zoning?
   a. Ian McHarg – father of modern ecology/env. movement
   b. Lawrence Veiller – father of modern housing code
   c. Edward Bassett – correct answer
   d. Paul Davidoff – father of advocacy planning

18. Who was the father of city planning?
   a. Patrick Geddes – father of regional planning
   b. Daniel Burnham – correct answer
   c. Etzioni – associated with mixed scanning
   d. Saul Alinksy – associated with community organization

19. Who was the father of modern ecology?
   a. Krumholz – associated with Equity (advocacy) planning
   b. Lindblom – associated with incremental planning
   c. McHarg – correct answer
   d. Davidoff – associated with advocacy planning
20. Who was the father of the modern housing code?
   a. Lawrence Veiller – correct answer
   b. Patrick Geddes – father of regional planning
   c. Edward Bassett – father of zoning
   d. Daniel Burnham – father of city planning

21. Who was the father of advocacy planning?
   a. Burgess – associated with concentric ring theory
   b. Hoyt – associated with sector theory
   c. Davidoff – correct answer
   d. Christaller – associated with central place theory

22. Who was known for satisficing?
   a. Friedmann – associated with transactive
   b. Lindblom – associated with incremental
   c. Krumholz – associated with equity (advocacy)
   d. Simon – correct answer

23. What was Saul Alinsky know for?
   a. Incrementalism - Lindblom
   b. Equity - Krumholz
   c. Community organization – correct answer
   d. Transportation oriented design – Calthrope

24. Who is known for Management by Objective (MBO)?
   a. Calthrope – associated with transit oriented development
   b. Bettman – first president of ASPO
   c. Drucker – correct answer
   d. Burgess – father of zoning

25. Which theory is Burgess associated with?
   a. Sector - Hoyt
   b. Concentric ring – correct answer
   c. Multi-nuclei – Harris & Ullman
   d. Central place - Christaller

26. Which of the following is associated with Central Place theory?
   a. Christaller – correct answer
   b. Hoyt
   c. Harris
   d. Ullman
27. Which theory is Hoyt associated with?
   a. Concentric ring
   b. Central place
   c. Multi-nuclei
   d. Sector – correct answer

28. Who was the first president of the ACPI?
   a. Frederick Law Olmstead
   b. Frederick Law Olmstead Jr. – correct answer
   c. Paul Davidoff
   d. Daniel Burnham

29. What case did Alfred Bettman argue?
   a. South Burlington County NAACP v Township of Mount Laurel
   b. Fasano v Board of Co. Commissioners of Washington Co.
   c. Golden v Planning Board of the Town of Ramapo
   d. Village of Euclid v Ambler Realty Co. – correct answer

30. Which of the following groups of planning philosophies came before the City Humane Movement?
   a. City Functional, City Efficient, City Beautiful and Garden City
   b. Garden City, Agrarian Philosophy, Laissez Faire, City Functional
   c. Public Health, Agrarian Philosophy, Laissez Faire, Garden City – correct answer
   CITY FUNCTIONAL was 1940’s, City Humane Movement was 1930’s so all the answers with City Functional were incorrect
   d. Agrarian Philosophy, Laissez Faire, Public health, City Functional

31. Who designed Letchworth and who designed Welwyn?
   a. Unwin, deSoissons – correct answer Sir Raymond Unwin designed Letchworth 1903 and 1920 and Louis deSoissons designed Welwyn 1919 and 1934
   b. Unwin, Burges
   c. Burgess, deSoissons
   d. Burgess, Unwin

32. When was the Columbian Exposition?
   a. 1891
   b. 1892 – Sierra Club founded by John Muir
   c. 1893 – correct answer
   d. 1894

33. Who is known to have replaced Daniel Burnham in the 1920’s as the city planning expert?
   b. Lawrence Veiller – father of modern housing code
   c. Robert Moses – correct answer
   d. Paul Lawrence – Responsible for Dunbar Apartments in 1930 which was funded by John D Rokefeller Jr. in Harlem, NY. A co-op for blacks with ownership after 23 years was 6 stories and 113 du/ac with 50% coverage.
34. When was the TVA established?
   a. 1930
   b. 1933 – correct answer
   c. 1936
   d. 1939

35. Which of the following cities was the first garden city in the United States?
   a. Reston, VA
   b. Columbia, MD
   c. Levittown, NY
   d. Radburn, NJ – correct answer designed by Henry Wright and Stein

36. Which of the following greenbelt towns was never completed?
   a. Greenbrook, NJ – correct answer – never built because Rural Resettlement Administration was stopped by the courts
   b. Greenbelt, MD
   c. Greenhills, OH
   d. Greendale, WI

37. Who termed the word megalopolis?
   a. Paul Davidoff – developed concept of advocacy planner
   b. Saul Alinsky – hired a planner to speak for the powerless people
   c. Sherry Arnstein – defined citizen participation in terms of amount of actual citizen control over policy decisions “Ladder of Citizen Participation”
   d. Jean Gottmann – correct answer

38. Who designed Riverside, Illinois, the first model for all future American suburban land planning?
   a. Jacob Riis
   b. John Wesley Powell
   c. Ebenezer Howard
   d. Frederick Law Olmstead Sr. – correct answer he did this with Vough
   e.

39. What two railroads joined at Promontory Point, Utah to form the first transcontinental railroad?
   a. Union Pacific and Central Pacific – correct answer
   b. Northern Pacific and Central Pacific
   c. Union Pacific and Northern Pacific
   d. Northern Pacific and South Pacific

40. Who founded the Sierra Club and when?
   a. John Muir, 1892 – correct answer
   b. John Muir, 1893
   c. Jacob Riis, 1892
   d. Jacob Riis, 1893
41. When did Ebenezer Howard write “Tomorrow: A peaceful path to real reform”?
   a. 1888 – Edward Bellamy wrote “Looking Backward”
   b. 1898 – **correct answer**
   c. 1988
   d. 1998

42. Which of the following occurred in 1909?
   a. Daniel Burnham completed the first regional comprehensive plan for Chicago.
   b. Wisconsin passed the first state enabling legislation permitting cities to plan.
   c. Los Angeles was the first city to apply zoning to undeveloped lands
   d. The first course in city planning was offered at Harvard College’s Landscape Architecture Department.
   e. **All of the above – correct answer**

43. When did the ACIP and ASPO join to form the APA?
   a. 1976
   b. 1977
   c. **1978 – correct answer**
   d. 1979

44. Which of the following had the highest population density in 2000?
   a. New York – **correct answer**
   b. San Francisco
   c. Los Angeles
   d. Dallas

45. In utilizing the sector theory which land is given the highest values?
   a. Along stream corridors
   b. Along major roadways – **correct answer**
   c. Along mountain ranges
   d. Around lakes and bodies of water

46. Which of the following cases was found to violate the first amendment’s freedom of speech?
   a. Metromedia v City of San Diego – **correct answer**
   b. City of Renton v Playtime
   c. Mugler v Kansas
   d. Young v. American Mini Theaters

47. Who said “A budget is goals with a price tag attached.”?
   a. Etzioni
   b. Davidoff
   c. Burgess
   d. **Wildavsky – correct answer**
48. What are LULU’s?
   a. Locally unwanted land uses – correct answer
   b. Locally unwanted logical uses
   c. Locally unwanted large uses
   d. Locally unwanted laboratory uses

49. What is the programming period for a CIP?
   a. One year
   b. 1-2 years
   c. 3-4 years
   d. 5-6 years – correct answer remember the Capital Improvement Budget is only one year, typically

50. What is the mean of the following numbers: 4, 6, 10, 12?
   a. 10
   b. 6
   c. 8 – correct answer
   d. 7

51. What is the median of the following: 2, 2, 3, 3, 4, 5, 5, 6, 6?
   a. 3
   b. 4 – correct answer
   c. 5
   d. 4.5

52. What is the mode of the following: 2, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4?
   a. 2
   b. 3
   c. 4 – correct answer
   d. 2.7

53. What is the smallest time frame using a cohort survival method of population analysis?
   a. 1 year
   b. 2 years
   c. 5 years – correct answer
   d. 10 years

54. Which method uses a larger geographic area to interpolate a smaller geographic area’s population?
   a. Linear
   b. Symptomatic
   c. Cohort Survival
   d. Step-down – correct answer
55. The ratio of an industry’s share of local employment divided by its share of the nation (or other higher level of government) is less than one. The area is __________ this industry’s products?
   a. Importing – correct answer
   b. Exporting
   c. Consuming
   d. Transporting

56. What economic analysis is being referenced in question 55?
   a. Shift-share
   b. Input-output
   c. Economic benefit – correct answer, as I understand it this term is interchangeable with Economic Base Analysis
   d. PERT

57. What percentage of households receive the long form of the US Census?
   a. 83%
   b. 17% - correct answer
   c. 50%
   d. 25%

58. How many subjects are in the short form of the US Census?
   a. 7 – correct answer, shortest since 1820
   b. 8
   c. 9
   d. 10

59. What percentage of Americans lived in urbanized areas in the 2000 Census?
   a. 86%
   b. 78%
   c. 68% - correct answer
   d. 50%

60. A MSA includes:
   a. At least 2,500 but less than 50,000 and a population density of 1,000 persons per square mile – this is a urban cluster
   b. Urban nucleus of 50,000 or more with a core density of 1,000 persons per square mile - this is a urbanized area
   c. Population of 2,000 to 8,000 people – this is a census tract
   d. At least one city with 50,000 or more and a total metropolitan population of 100,000 – correct answer
61. Which is the smallest level at which all data released?
   a. Urban cluster – defined by population within an area
   b. Census block group – group of census blocks
   c. Census block – smallest level at which data is collected
   d. Census tract – correct answer

62. A tribal designated statistical area is?
   a. A unit drawn by tribes that do not have a recognized area – correct answer
   b. A unit drawn which recognizes an area for a tribe determined by the Federal Government
   c. A unit drawn which recognizes an area for a tribe determined by the State Government
   d. A unit only used in 29 states and usually corresponds to a municipality

63. The American Community Survey will replace the _____________?
   a. Long form – correct answer
   b. Short form
   c. Census block
   d. Census tract

64. Baby boomers are those born between the years of?
   a. 1940-1945
   b. 1965-1976
   c. 1977-2000
   d. 1946-1964 – correct answer

65. Generation X are those born between the years of?
   a. 1977-2000
   b. 1965-1976 – correct answer
   c. 1940-1945
   d. 1946-1964

66. Echo Boomers (aka: Generation Y) are those born between the years of?
   a. 1977-2000 – correct answer
   b. 1965-1976
   c. 1940-1945
   d. 1946-1964

67. What two cities does Jean Gottman’s book discuss?
   a. Dallas & Fort Worth
   b. Philadelphia, PA & Trenton, NJ
   c. Washington DC & Alexandria, VA
   d. Washington DC & Boston, MA – correct answer, “Megalopolis”
68. What is the largest tribal land holding in acres? (note for all others that are not the answer they are the answer to other questions that you should know).
   a. 40 Million – total tribal acres in Alaska
   b. 52 Million – 275 reservations account for this acreage in US
   c. 191 Million – acres of national forest land in US
   d. 16 Million – correct answer, Navajo in Utah, Arizona and New Mexico

69. What is the largest concrete structure in the US in 1941?
   a. Grand Coulee Dam – correct answer
   b. Hoover Dam
   c. Chesapeake Bay Bridge Tunnel
   d. Golden Gate Bridge

70. What is another name for CERCLA?
   a. SARA – the 1986 superfund amendments and reauthorization act
   b. RCRA – resource conservation and recovery act 1976
   c. NEPA – national environmental policy act 1969
   d. SUPERFUND – correct answer

71. What year was SARA passed?
   a. 1980 – CERCLA passed
   b. 1984
   c. 1986 – correct answer
   d. 1988

72. Which is a better insulation for a ceiling?
   a. R-16
   b. R-19
   c. R-22
   d. R-30 – correct answer because the higher the number the better

73. What is the purpose of the 100th meridian?
   a. A longitudinal line
   b. A latitudinal line
   c. The equator
   d. Separates east and west by rainfall – correct answer, runs through N. and S. Dakota and Oklahoma panhandle marking the east which receives 20 inches more precipitation per year from the drier west

74. Wrack is? (know what the others describe too.)
   a. Glacial form shaped like ½ of a hard boiled egg - DRUMLIN
   b. Long narrow hill of sand and gravel in an area once covered by ice - ESKER
   c. Glacial deposit of rock and soil - MORaine
   d. Algae, plant & animal materials that accumulate on beaches at high water marks – correct answer
75. Which of the following is a swamp or marsh type of non-tidal wetlands with cattails? (know others too.)
   a. Palustrine – **correct answer**
   b. Lacustrine – lake or lake type environment
   c. Oligotrophic – deep lake with few nutrients and little organic material
   d. Littoral – intertidal shallow water zone with rooted aquatic plants

76. How many square feet are in one acre?
   a. 40,000
   b. 43,560 – **correct answer**
   c. 4,3560
   d. 435,60

77. How many acres are in one hectare?
   a. 2.47 – **correct answer**
   b. 2.48
   c. 2.49
   d. 2.5

78. How many acres in one square mile?
   a. 600
   b. 620
   c. 640 – **correct answer**
   d. 660

79. Where was the first urban growth boundary established in the US?
   a. Portland, Oregon
   b. Lancaster, Pennsylvania
   c. Los Angeles, California
   d. Lexington, Kentucky – **correct answer**

80. What year was the first urban growth boundary established in the US?
   a. 1958 – **correct answer**
   b. 1959
   c. 1990
   d. 1991

81. What is ETJ?
   a. Uses not permitted by right – conditional use
   b. Hardship associated with a parcel not allowing for development of that parcel under the zoning regulations - variance
   c. Decreasing the intensity of development - downzoning
   d. Authority granted by some states to municipalities to impose zoning and subdivision regulations beyond their jurisdiction – **correct answer**
82. What term is associated with development of a vacant urban or suburban site that was formerly developed but is now obsolete?
   a. Brownfield development – development on a site not used or underused due to real or perceived environmental issues
   b. Leapfrog development – describes a type of sprawl where new development is not contiguous with pre-existing development but occurs some distance from it
   c. Greenfield development – development on a site never developed before
   d. Grayfield development – correct answer

83. What year was the standard state zoning enabling act adopted?
   a. 1924 – correct answer
   b. 1928
   c. 1934
   d. 1938

84. What year was the standard city planning enabling act?
   a. 1924
   b. 1928 – correct answer
   c. 1934
   d. 1938

85. What year was RLUIPA passed?
   a. 1994
   b. 1996
   c. 1998
   d. 2000 – correct answer

86. Who is associated with the City as Growth Machine Theory?
   a. Logan and Molotch – correct answer
   b. Harris and Ullman
   c. Home Hoyt
   d. Ernest Burgess

87. Where was the first study of the four steps in the travel demand model?
   a. Chicago, IL – correct answer, in 1955
   b. Los Angeles, CA
   c. Columbus, OH
   d. Boston, MA

88. Where was the first subway located?
   a. Boston, MA – correct answer, in 1897
   b. Washington, DC
   c. New York City, NY
   d. Los Angeles, CA
89. Who designed the first limited access highway, the Bronx River Parkway in West Chester County, NY?
   a. Robinson & Kessler
   b. Frederick Law Olmstead Sr.
   c. Ernest Burgess
   d. Robert Moses – correct answer

90. In 1973 the Energy Policy Conservation Act established CAFE standards for cars and trucks. What was the standard at that time for cars?
   a. 20.7 miles/gallon – this was the standard for trucks
   b. 27.5 miles/gallon – correct answer
   c. 30.7 miles/gallon
   d. 37.5 miles/gallon

91. In what year did Yellowstone become the first National Park?
   a. 1872 – correct answer
   b. 1873
   c. 1972
   d. 1973

92. Where was the first historic preservation commission designated?
   a. New York City, NY
   b. Charleston, SC
   c. Gettysburg, PA
   d. Vieux Carre, New Orleans, LA - correct answer

93. Where was the first historic preservation ordinance enacted?
   a. New York City, NY
   b. Charleston, SC – correct answer
   c. Gettysburg, PA
   d. Vieux Carre, New Orleans, LA

94. What was the first significant legal case concerning historic preservation?
   a. US v Gettysburg Electric Railway Co – correct answer
   b. Penn Central Transportation Co. v New York City
   c. Eubank v City of Richmond
   d. Jones v Mayer

95. Who promoted a dream city “Radiant City”?
   a. Frank Lloyd Wright – promoted auto oriented development with Broadacre City
   b. LeCorbusier – correct answer
   c. Louis Wirth – wrote Urbanism as a Way of Life
   d. James Rouse – influenced urban design with indoor shopping malls in 1950’s
96. Who wrote “Edgeless City” in 2002?
   a. Robert Lang – **correct answer**
   b. Joel Garreau – wrote Edge Cities in 1991
   c. Allan Jacobs – wrote Making City Planning Work in 1985
   d. Andres Duany – advocate for new urbanism or neotraditional design

97. What percentage of urban residing American’s live in poverty, according to the 2000 Census?
   a. 10%
   b. 15.9% – **correct answer**
   c. 20%
   d. 24%

98. Which Housing Act allowed for Section 701 funds (funds to be used for comprehensive planning for communities less than 25,000)?
   a. Housing Act of 1954 – **correct answer**
   b. Housing Act of 1959
   c. Housing Act of 1964
   d. Housing Act of 1965

99. Which Housing Act allowed for funds to be used for comprehensive planning for metro, state and regional levels?
   a. Housing Act of 1954
   b. Housing Act of 1959 – **correct answer**
   c. Housing Act of 1964
   d. Housing Act of 1965

100. Which Act created the HOME program?
    b. Low Income Housing Tax Credit (1986)
    c. Fair Housing Amendments (1988)
    d. **Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (1990) – correct answer**

101. Where was the first department store located?
    a. New York City, NY
    b. Los Angeles, CA
    c. Lexington, KY
    d. **Salt Lake City, Utah – correct answer**

102. What does ZIP Code stand for?
    a. Zone Improvement Plan Code – **correct answer**
    b. Zoning Improvement Plan Code
    c. Zone Improvement Planning Code
    d. Zoning Improvement Planning Code
103. What is the best use of a Gantt chart?
   a. Allocation of time among various tasks – correct answer
   b. Illustrate how different tasks are related - PERT
   c. Illustrates how one task must be completed before beginning another - CPM
   d. Utilizes a table with alternatives in the rows and various impact factors in columns – Decision Matrix

104. Which best describes Urban Service Areas?
   a. Area of land available for development within 20-25 years – urban growth boundary
   b. Area of land targeted for new or improved infrastructure over 5-10 years – correct answer
   c. Area of land where development is channeled over time – intermediate growth boundary
   d. Area of land which remains free of development for future expansion of an urban growth boundary – urban reserve boundary