When a Place Reaches Its Breaking Point:

Mending 100-Years of Development Abuse along Saw Mill Run

American Planning Association: Pennsylvania Chapter

2023 Annual Conference







Advisory Committee Members/Stakeholders



















Planning-Design Team Members









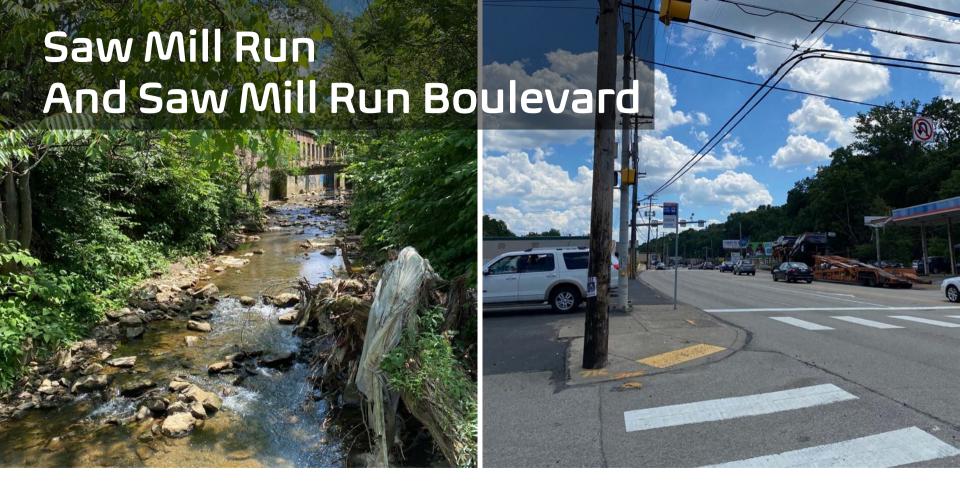
















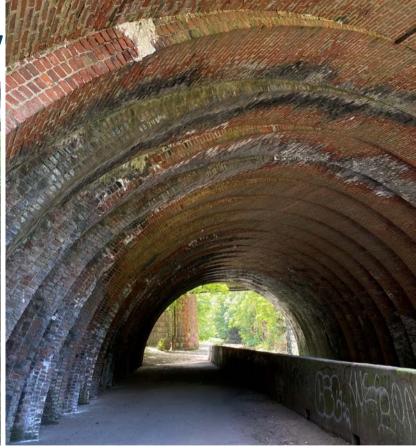






Seldom Seen Greenway















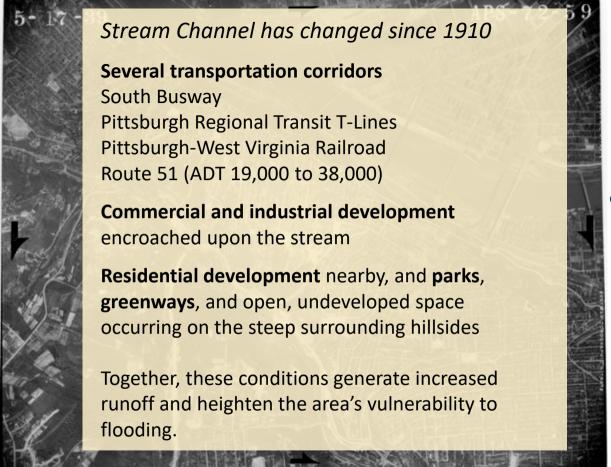


Pittsburgh Main Thoroughfares and the Downtown District

- -Frederick Law Olsmsted
- In 1910 report, Olmsted urged for the Saw Mill Run stream corridor to become a "green boulevard" of open space to protect against flooding and serve as a valuable public asset to the Pittsburgh region.







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Planning-Design Funds

 Grant funding from the Commonwealth is part of the Community Conservation Partnerships Program (C2P2), using the Keystone Recreation, Park, and Conservation Fund under the administration of the Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, Bureau of Recreation and Conservation.









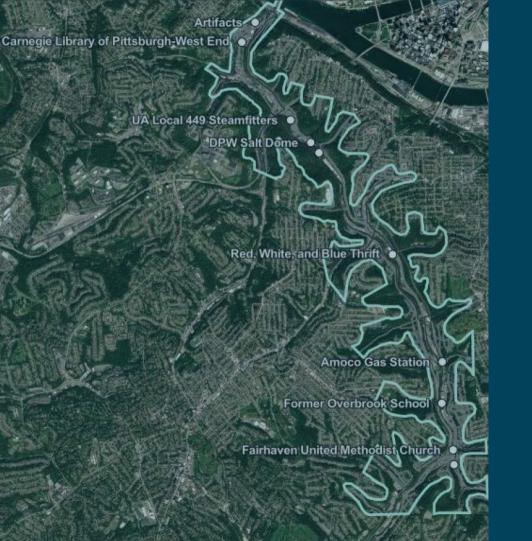
Saw Mill Run Green Boulevard Master Plan



- Project Overview
- Background Context
- Outreach
- Key Issues, Challenges & Drivers
- Overall Corridor Recommendations
- Develop Designs for "Focus Areas"







Project Overview

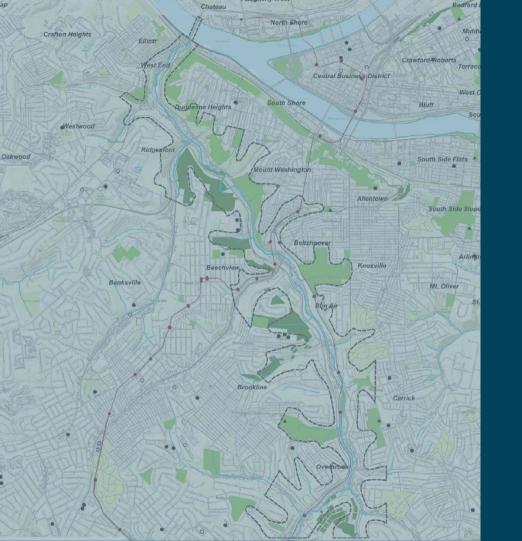
Project Overview



- Study corridor includes the Route 51 corridor from the Ohio River to the intersection with Route 88, from the stream to the nearest ridgetop on either side of the road
- Parcels within the Study Corridor were characterized into six typologies based on the condition of the stream, topography, position within the watershed, and land use and ownership.







Background Context

Background Context

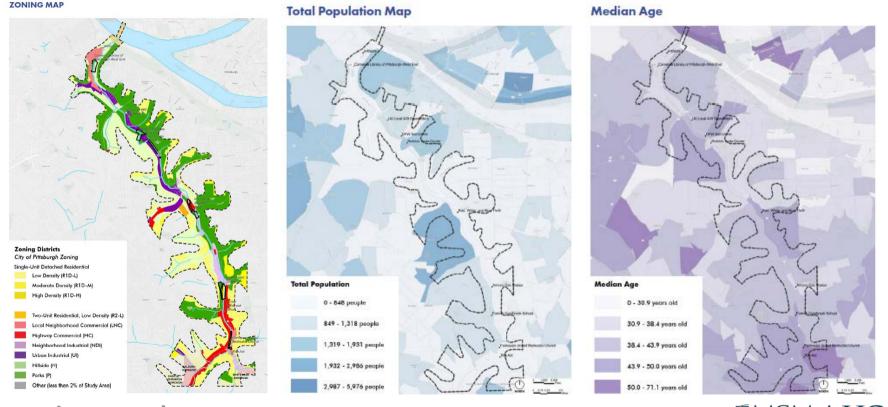


- Saw Mill Run is an urban stream and a tributary to the Ohio River with a watershed of almost 11 square miles
- The Study Corridor includes 1,983
 acres and roughly 5,500 parcels along
 Saw Mill Run Boulevard, from the Ohio
 River to the intersection of Routes 51
 and 88.





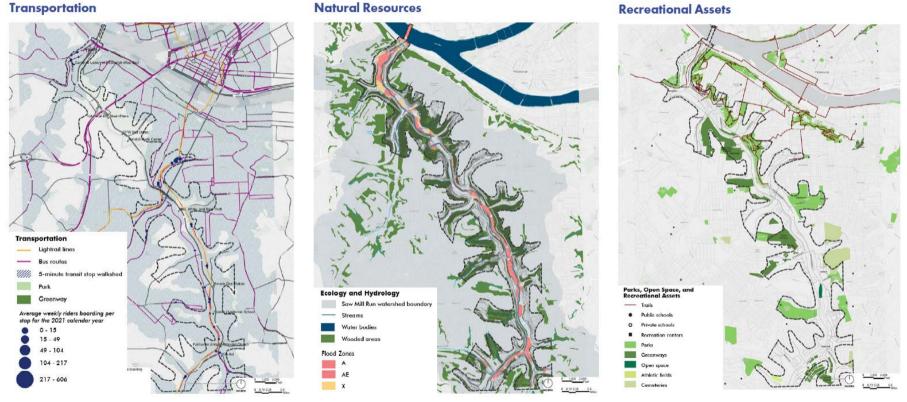
Background Context – Zoning and Demographics







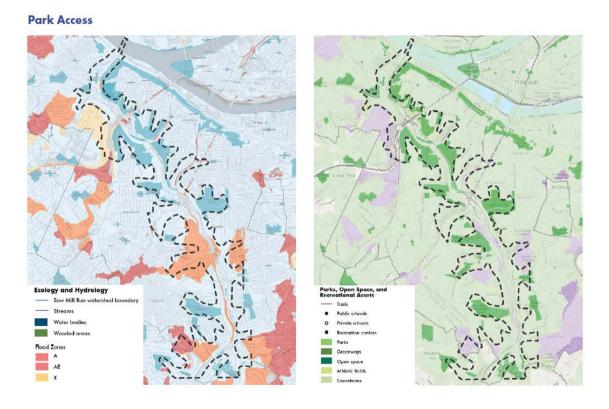
Background Context – Existing Conditions

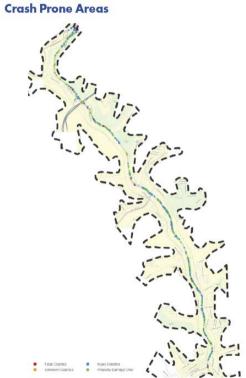






Background Context – Areas of Vulnerability

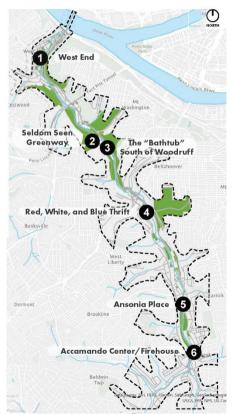








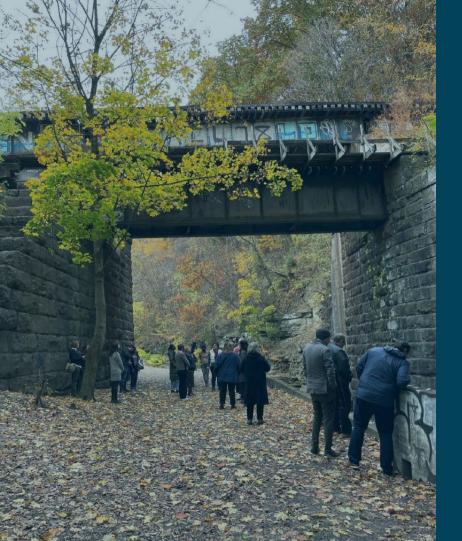
Background Context – Design Focus Areas



- Parcels immediately adjacent to Saw Mill Run were evaluated to identify common conditions, such as topography, ownership, and stream constrictions.
- Creation of six categories, or "typologies" that can generally be used to describe site conditions. The Design Focus Areas represent the typology and serve as examples of the types of interventions that could be considered for similar areas. They are dispersed along the Corridor and may span several parcels.







Outreach

Outreach

- Advisory Committee
- Corridor Tour
- Public Workshops
- Stakeholder Interviews









Public Workshop









Stakeholder Bus Tour (Photo Credit: TrailBlaze Creative)



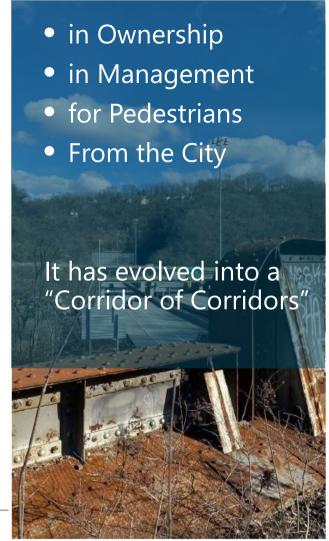




Key Issues, Challenges, and Drivers

Key Issues – Disjointedness



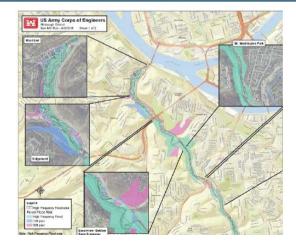




Key Issues – Over-Burdened



- Traffic
- Legacy Projects and Policies
- Development Pattern
- Flooding
- Over-Zoned







Key Issues – Chronic Flooding









Key Issues – Environmental Quality

R	Rating	RCI Range	RCI Score	Design Focus Area
C	Optimal	0.75-1.00		
s	ub-Optimal	0.50-0.74	0.73 0.60	Seldom Seen Ansonia Place
~	Marginal	0.25-0.49	0.46	Red, White, and Blue Thrift Bathtub
P	oor	0.00-0.24	0.21 0.17	Wabash Park Accamando Center

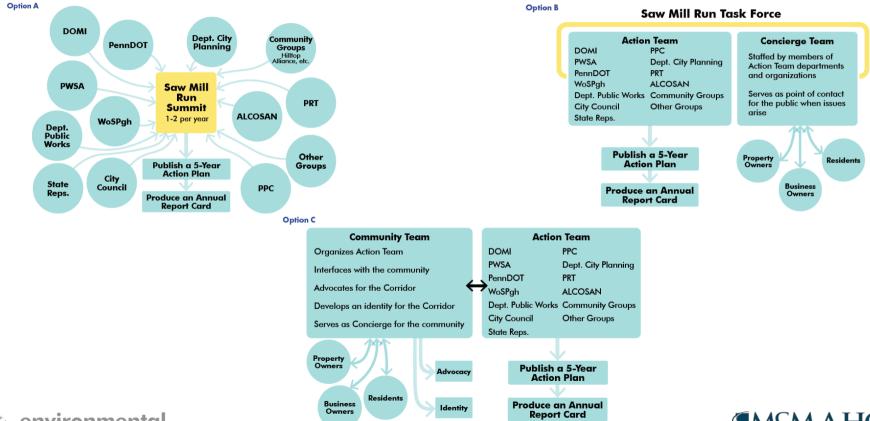








Key Issues - No "Champions"









Overall Recommendations

Planning and Management

 Coordinate with the various stakeholder organizations and agencies to determine a suitable structure and level of involvement for a working group or "Task Force" to regularly convene and pursue the implementation of the Green Boulevard Master Plan.

 Expand/broaden the purpose/focus of the existing zoning overlay in order to avoid a "map amendment" process.





Planning and Management

- Use the zoning overlay to address:
 - ✓ Vehicular Access Management: reduce the number of ingress and egress points onto Route 51 and better delineate traffic flow from parking lots onto Route 51.
 - ✓ Impervious Surface Reduction: Introduce minimal landscape standards and islands requirements to reduce the amount of impervious surface in the lot.











Planning and Management - Recap Expanded/Broadened Public Safety Zoning Overlay √ Vehicle access management ✓ Impervious surface reduction ✓ Pedestrian safety and mobility ✓ Control of setbacks ✓ Post-development/retroactive streambank and steep slope stabilization









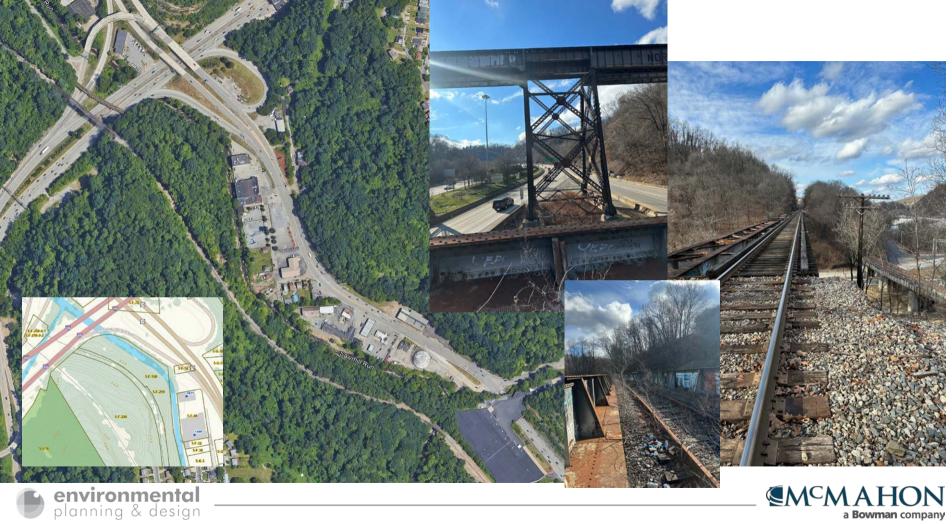


Corridor-Wide Design & Implementation

- Improve pedestrian connectivity to parks, green space, and transit resources
 - ✓ Provide accessibility improvements to connect to bus stops and T-Stations.
 - ✓ Seek grant funding to pursue the implementations of the six Design Focus Area recommendations.
 - ✓ Conduct a trail feasibility study and geotechnical analysis for the PennDOT-owned railroad corridor from Seldom Seen Greenway to the West End.







environmental planning & design



Design Focus Area Recommendations

Design Focus Areas



The Design Focus Areas represent the typology and serve as examples of the types of interventions that could be considered for similar areas. They are dispersed along the Corridor and may span several parcels.







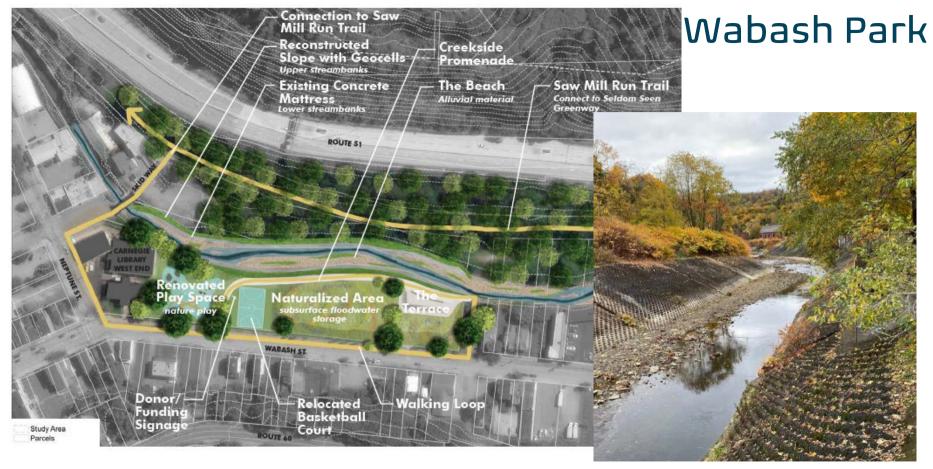
Wabash Park









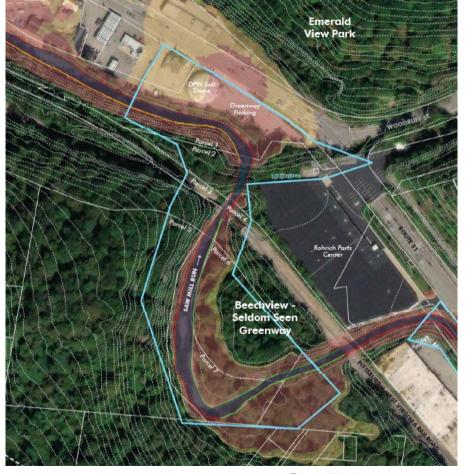






Seldom Seen Greenway











Seldom Seen Greenway









The "Bathtub"









ROHRICH PARTS CENTER Native Species Planted in Riparian Buffer Zone Donor/Funding and Informational Signage Plunge Pool Check Dam

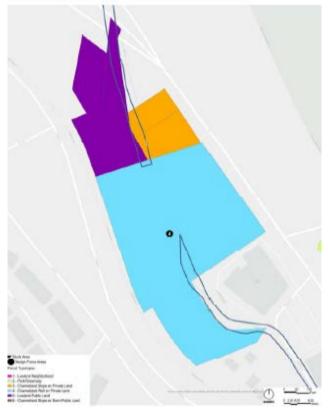
The "Bathtub"







Red, White & Blue Thrift









Native Species Planted in Riparian Buffer Zone Gateway Landscaping Crosswalk to McKinley Park Donor/Funding Signage Pedestrian Bridge -Stream Observation Area Stacked stone Expanded Floodplain -Riparian Buffer -Walking Loop

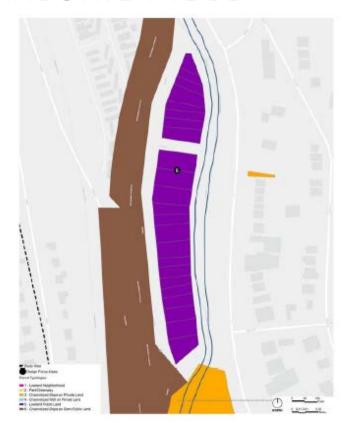
Red, White & Blue Thrift







Ansonia Place











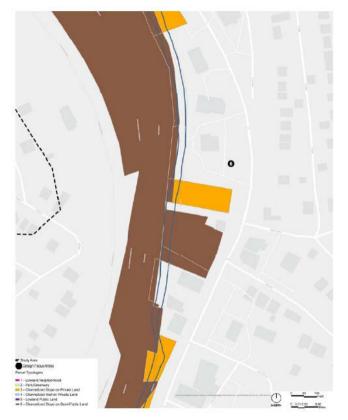
Ansonia Place

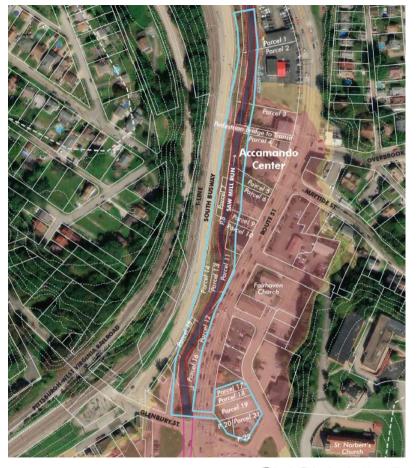






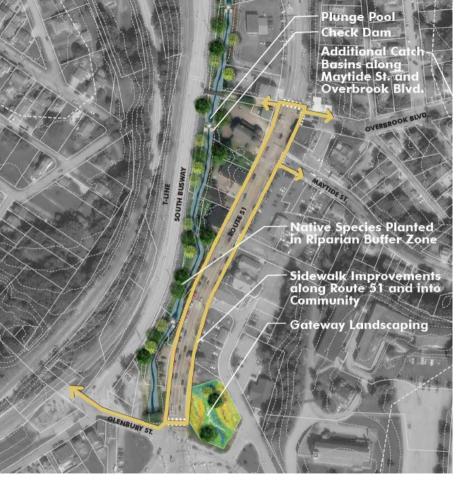
Accamando Center











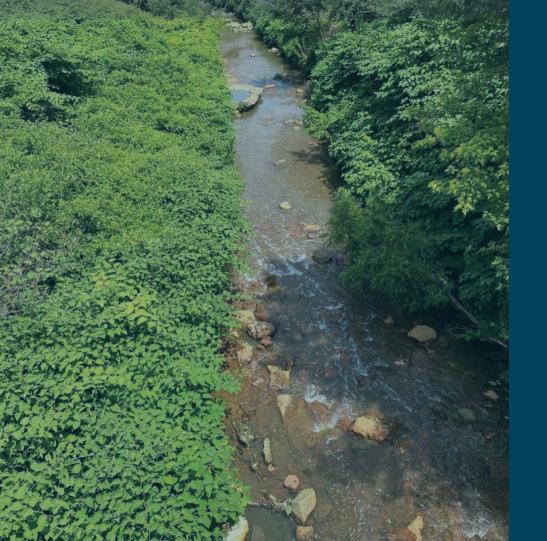
Accamando Center











Costs and Funding

Probable Costs and Funding

- DCED CFA Greenways, Trails, and Recreation Program
- DCNR Community Conservation Partnership Program
- DCNR Riparian Forest Buffer Program
- DCNR/DEP Growing Greener Environmental Stewardship Fund
- USDA/NRCS Environmental Quality Incentives Program
- PennDOT Transportation Alternatives Program
- PennDOT Multimodal Transportation Fund
- SPC Multimodal Transportation Fund
- NFWF Urban and Community Forestry Grants
- Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)
- Land and Water Conservation Fund (LWCF)
- Recreational Trails Program (RTP)

Summary Table				
	Design Focus Area	Projected Cost	Sq. Ft.	\$/SF
1	Wabash Park	\$1,791,625	283,140	\$6.33
2	Seldom Seen Greenway	\$2,483,350	435,600	\$5.70
3	The "Bathtub"	\$273,150	165,528	\$1.65
4	Red, White, and Blue Thrift	\$2,104,150	248,292	\$8.47
5	Ansonia Place	\$3,598,550	352,836	\$10.20
6	Accamando Center	\$501,325	121,968	\$4.11

- USFWS Grants
- Pennsylvania Parks Fund
- NFWF Grants
- The North Face Explore Fund
- KEEN Effect Grant
- AARP Community Challenge Grant





