Instituting Reuse

Achieving Successful Adaptive Reuse of Institutional Properties

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Brian Olszak, LEED Green Assoc., Planner II Sarah Richardsen, ASLA, Planner II Montgomery County Planning Commission Christopher Leswing, PP, AICP, Assistant Director, Planning Lower Merion Township









Rethinking Institutional Properties Embracing Our Past and Investing in Our Future







MONTCO 2040: A SHARED VISION

The Comprehensive Plan for Montgomery County



Montgomery County, Pennsylvania 2015









Session Overview

- Why are Institutions Closing?
- Benefits and Challenges of Adaptive Reuse.
- Use Best Practices.
- Successful Examples.





The Lower Merion Experience



Session Overview



Institution: *noun*, in(t)-stə-'tü-shən, -'tyü-\

1. An organization founded for a religious, educational, professional, or social purpose.

Source: Oxford English Dictionary

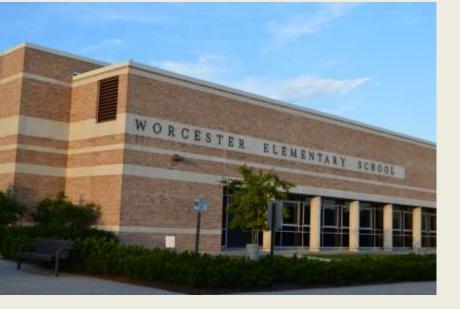
Definition of Institution





But Institutions Are More Than That







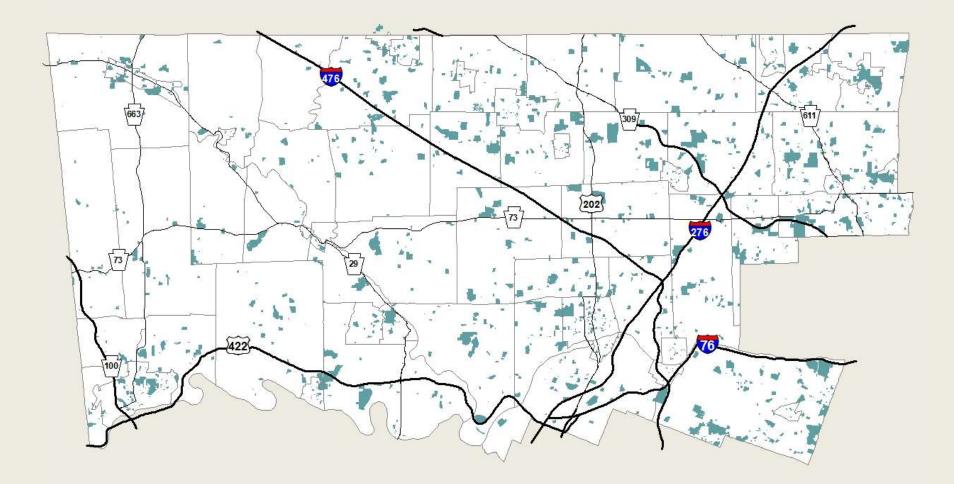


Schools Religious Government Hospitals

Focus Institutions



Over 2,100 institutional buildings.



More than 13,000 acres.



66% are located in suburban residential neighborhoods.

Institutions





Why Are Institutions Closing?



Why Are Institutions Closing?





Religious Institutions





Government Buildings

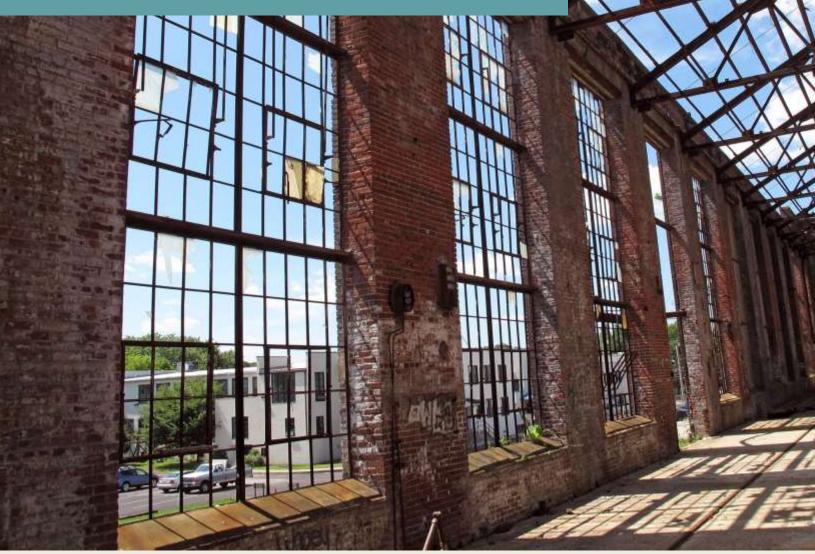




Hospitals



What Is Adaptive Reuse?























To restore a building is not to repair it, nor to do maintenance or to rebuild, it is to reestablish it in an ultimate state that never existed before.

– Eugène Viollet-le-Duc

Benefits of Adaptive Reuse





Benefits – Sustainable Development



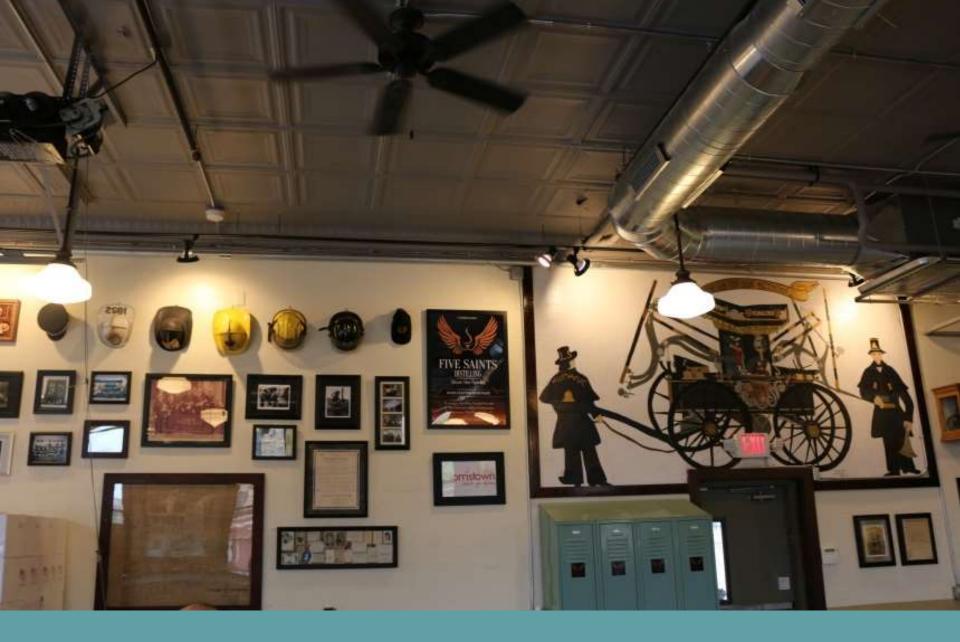


Benefits – Architectural Character





Benefits – Infill Development & Walkability MCPC



Benefits – History and Heritage





Benefits – Landscape





Benefits – Real Estate Market





Benefits – Special Financing





Benefits – Property Tax Revenue





Challenges of Adaptive Reuse



ARTICLE VII

R3 RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS

§295-700. LEGISLATIVE INTENT

- A. In expansion of the Declaration of Legislative Intent found in Article I of this Ordinance and the Statement of Community Development Objectives found in Article I, the purpose of this Article, among others, is as follows:
 - Promote the maintenance, stability, and continued viability of the Township's residential neighborhoods.
 - Ensure new residential infill development and redevelopment is in character with existing neighborhoods.
 - 3. Accommodate a variety of housing types.

§295-701. PERMITTED USES

A building may be erected or used and a lot may be used or occupied for any of the following purposes and no other, subject to the guidelines herein:

- A. Use F-5. Outdoor Recreation
- B. Use F-7. Public Grounds.
- C. Use G-3. Two-family semi-detached dwelling (duplex).
- D. Use G-6. Single-family detached dwelling.
- E. Use G-7. Single-family attached dwelling (rowhouse or townhouse).
- F. Use G-8. Single-family semi-detached dwelling (twin).
- G. The following accessory uses on the same lot which are with and customarily incidental to any of the above permitted uses and as provided for in Article IV herein:
 - 1. Use A-1. Residential Accessory Structure.
 - 2. Use A-3. Recreational Vehicles.
 - 3. Use A-5. Antenna Systems.
 - 4. Use A-6. Fences and Walls.
 - 5. Use A-7. Home Occupation.
 - 6. Use A-8. Storage (Outdoor).
 - 7. Use A-9. Swimming Pool.
 - 8. Use A-10. Tennis/Sport Courts.
 - 9. Use A-13. No-Impact Home-Based Business.

Article VII: R3 Residential Districts

- 10. Use A-14. Agriculture.
- 11. Use A-15. Livestock.
- 12. Use A-16. Fowl/Poultry.
- 13. Use D-4. Adult/Child Day Care.
- H. Uses Permitted by Special Exception:

a. Use 8-4: Bed and Breakfast.

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§295-702. DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

A. The following dimensional requirements shall apply:

	Residential Use Dimensional Requirements
Minimum Lot Area	Single-family detached dwelling: 7,500 square feet Single-family semi-detached dwelling: 5,000 square feet per dwelling unit Two-family dwellings: 3,000 square feet per dwelling unit Single-family attached dwelling: 3,000 square feet per dwelling unit
Minimum Lot Width	Single-family detached and Single-family semi-detached dwelling: 50 feet Two-family dwellings and Single-family attached dwelling: 24 feet
Setbacks	Minimum setbacks required for primary structures. See general regulations for allowed projections into setbacks.
Front	40 feet or the average of the two closest adjacent structures
Sides	Single-family detached, single-family semi-detached, and two-family dwellings: Aggregate 20 feet, neither of which shall be less than 8 feet; Single-family attached dwelling: 15 feet per end unit
Rear	25 feet
Carage	10 feet from the front façade of the primary structure (see additional regulations Sections 703 & 704)
Maximum Building Coverage	30%
Maximum Impervious Coverage	50%
Minimum Green Space Required in Front Yard	Single family attached dwelling: 50%

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Challenges – Land Use Regulations

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Challenges – Community Attitudes





Challenges – Neighborhood Impacts





Challenges – Building Structure & Design CMCPC



Challenges – Landscape





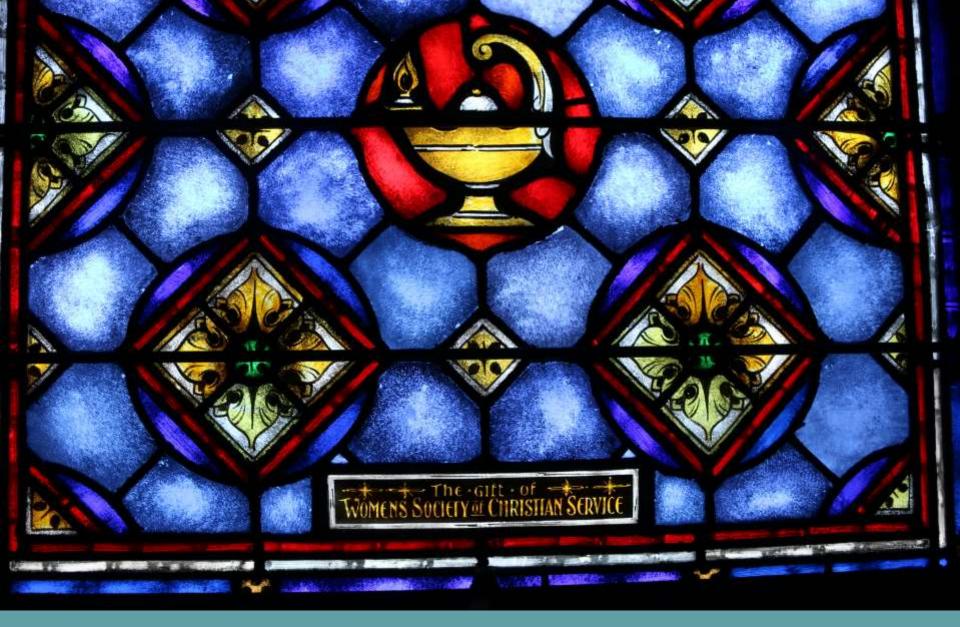
Challenges – Building Modernization





Challenges – Bank Financing





Challenges – Unique Costs

Best Practices

III

Plan for Reuse Public Involvement Funding Regulations



Plan for Reuse - Inventory



Comprehensive Plan

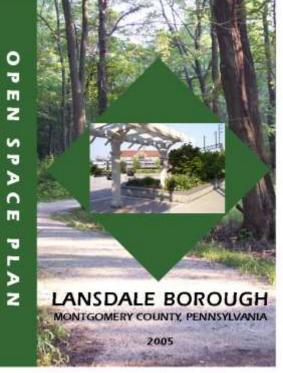
Open Space Plan

Revitalization Plan

A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN for the Preservation, Infill, and Redevelopment of LOWER MERION TOWNSHIP







Plan for Reuse – Planning Documents





Public Involvement – Engage Communities MCPC



Public Involvement – Evaluate Facilities OMCPC





Funding - Grants for Acquisition/Rehabilitation OMCPC



Funding – Donation or Sale of Conservation/Façade Easements





Regulations – Permitting Adaptive Reuse

Residential Nonresidential Temporary



Regulations – New Uses





Regulations – Density





Regulations – Flexible Coverage Reqs.



Incentives





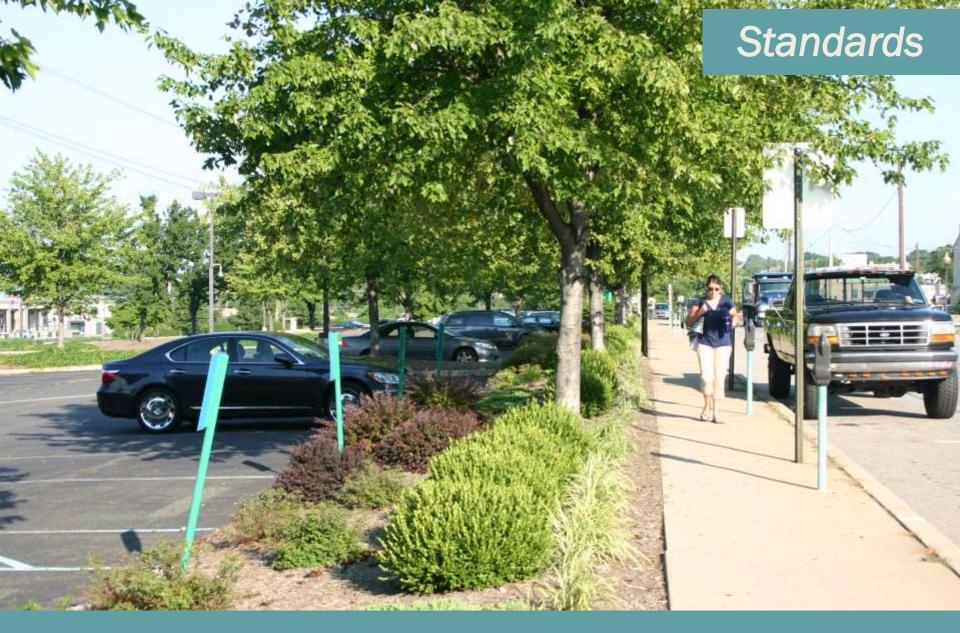


Facades Additions New Buildings

Standards

Regulations – Architecture





Regulations – Parking Design





Regulations – Open Space & Landscapes OMCPC



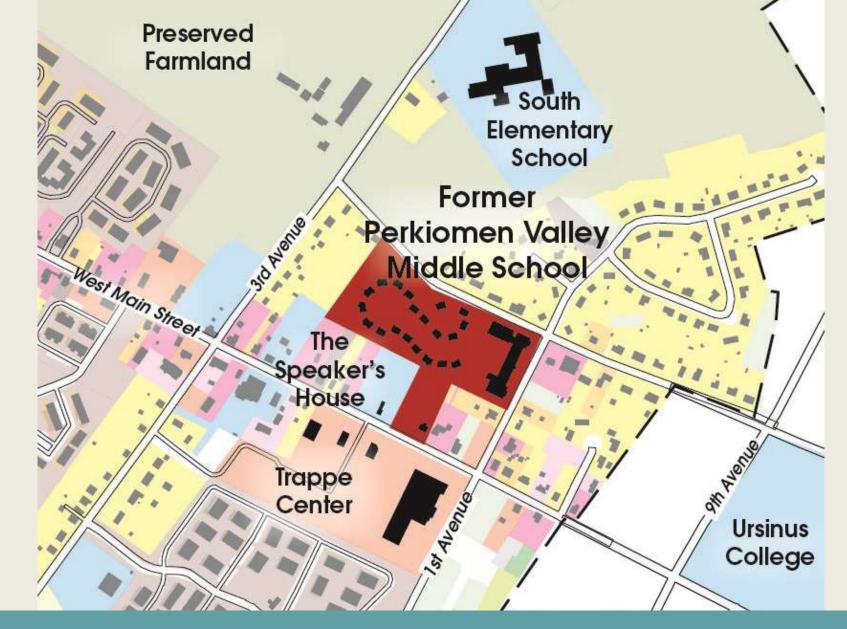
Case Studies

"We shape our buildings, and then our buildings shape us." -Winston Churchill





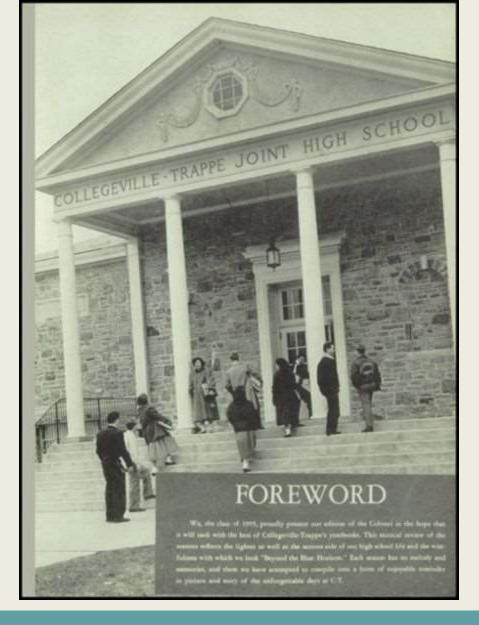




















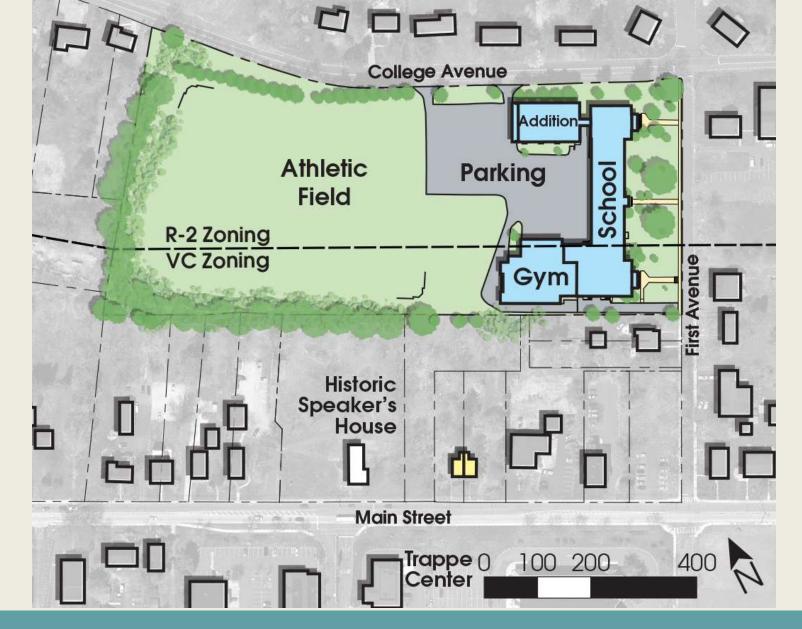
































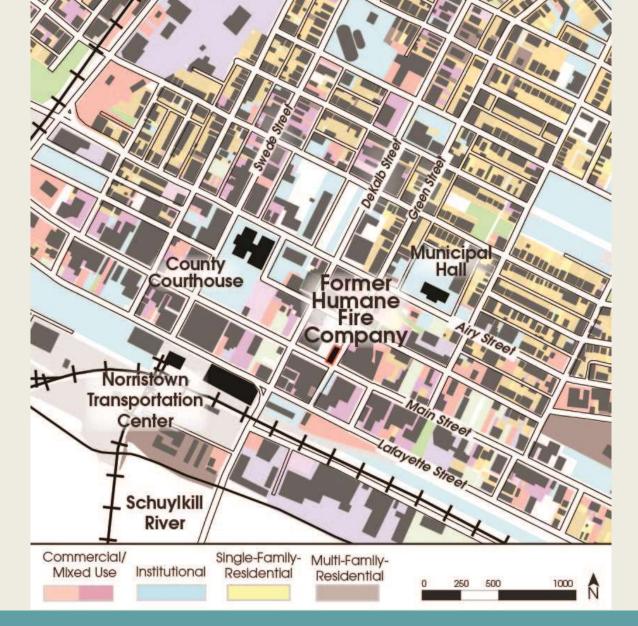
"[The school] was accepted in the community as a permanent fixture." – Fred Schuetz





Humane Fire Engine Company No. 1 Norristown



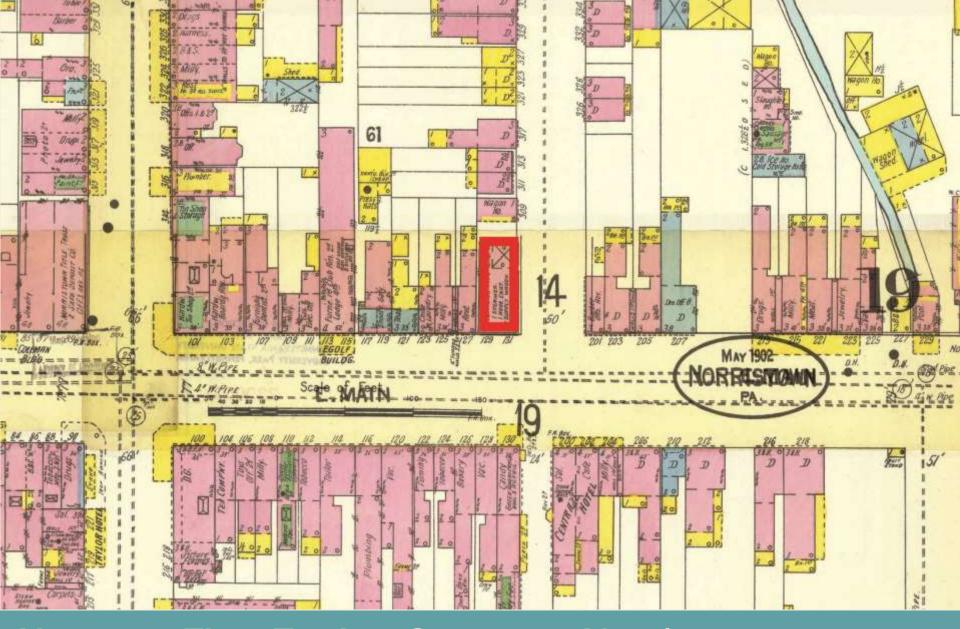


























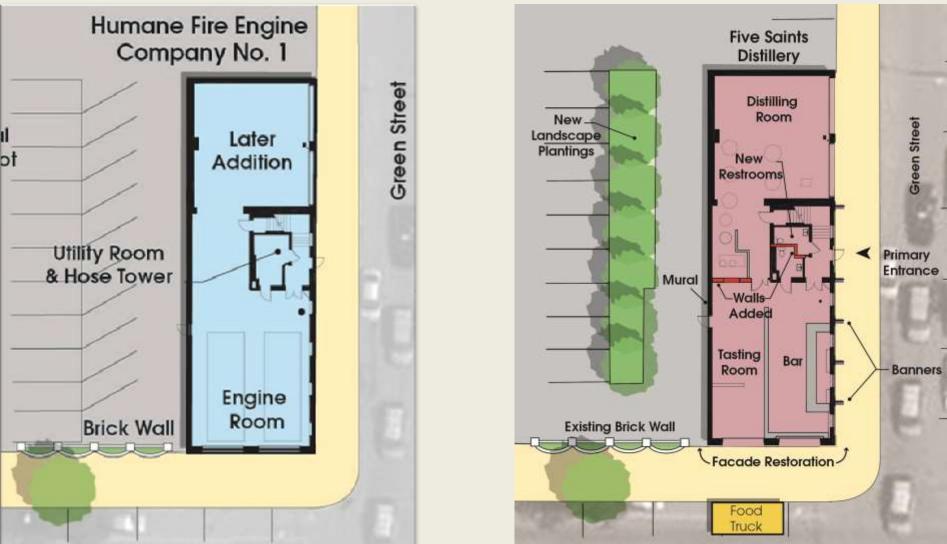






Before























"It has been said that, at its best, preservation engages the past in a conversation with the present over a mutual concern for the future."

-- William Murtagh



Investing in Our Future

Guidebook

Rethinking Institutional Properties Embracing Our Past and Investing in Our Future



<u>www.montcopa.org/</u> <u>RethinkingInstitutionalProperties</u>

Contact

Brian Olszak, LEED Green Assoc.

Sarah Richardsen, ASLA

Christopher Leswing, AICP, PP

(BOIszak@montcopa.org)

(SRichard@montcopa.org)

(CLeswing@lowermerion.org)

