AMERICAN PLANNING ASSOCIATION: PA CHAPTER 2022 ANNUAL CONFERENCE

PLANNING FOR A FUTURE WITH ELECTRIC VEHICLES



DAN SZEKERES -



SESSION TOPICS



- About Electric Vehicles
- Funding and Incentives
- Importance of Equity
- Brainstorming Roles for Planners
- Share Your Experiences & Ideas

WHY TALK ELECTRIC VEHICLES (EVs) NOW?

EVs More Affordable & More People Buying

New Funding for Public Charging

Need for More Community Planning & Education

Identify Key Opportunities & Challenges Ensure EVs & Funding Benefit All Populations (Equity)

WHAT IS YOUR EXPERIENCE WITH EVs?

- Do you own an EV?
- Have EVs been discussed in your planning work?
- Have you encountered concerns about initiatives supporting EVs?





ABOUT ELECTRIC VEHICLES

ELECTRIC VEHICLE BENEFITS



Climate Change

- No direct greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions (tailpipe)
- · 3x lower life-cycle emissions (vehicle production, fuel consumption)
- \cdot Opportunity to incorporate more renewable energy sources



Air Quality, Noise, Public Health and Equity

- Significantly reduce air and noise pollution
- Improves health outcomes for communities near roadways



Economy

- · Save consumers money on fuel and life-cycle maintenance costs
- Electricity rates paid to electric utilities and generation companies stays in the local economy



Jobs

• Production of EVs and installation of EV charging infrastructure creates good-paying jobs in clean energy industries.

IS IT COST-EFFECTIVE TO OWN AN EV?

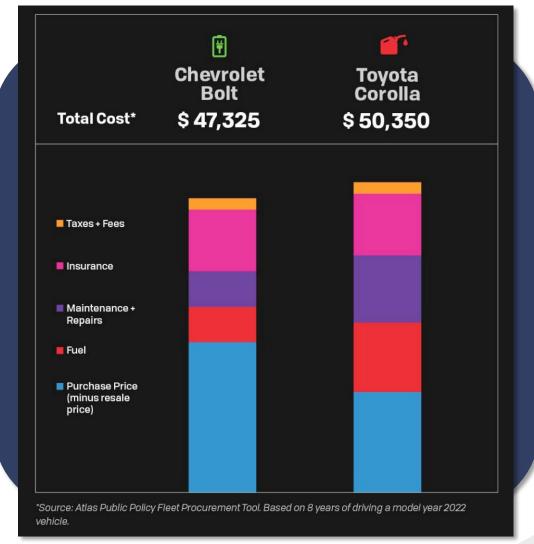
EVs, on average...

Cost \$10k more to buy

- $_{\odot}$ Gap closing as EVs become more affordable
- Federal EV tax credit (\$7,500) & other state/utility incentives

• Cost 60% less to fuel, varying based on:

- EV model efficiency (kWh/mi)
- $_{\odot}$ Home charging access & usage
- Charging electricity costs (including when you charge and where you live)
- Cost 50% less to maintain
 - No spark plugs, oil change, etc.



Source: Atlas Policy, 2022, <u>https://atlaspolicy.com/wp-</u> content/uploads/2022/01/Total-Cost-of-Ownership-Analysis.pdf

VEHICLE TYPES

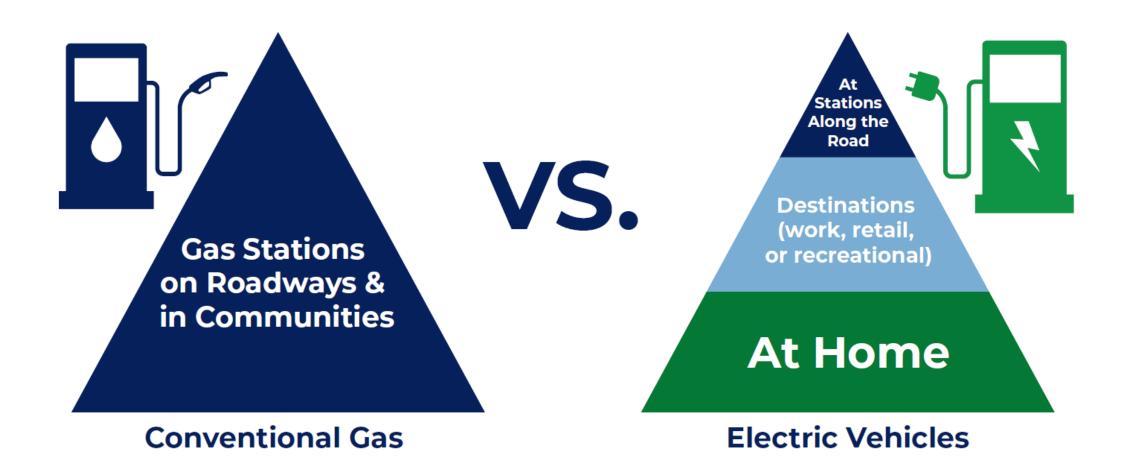
	Conventional Gas	Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEV)	Plug-in Electric Vehicle (PHEV)	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
Power Source				ŧ
Fuel Type				
Emissions			-	

EV CHARGING

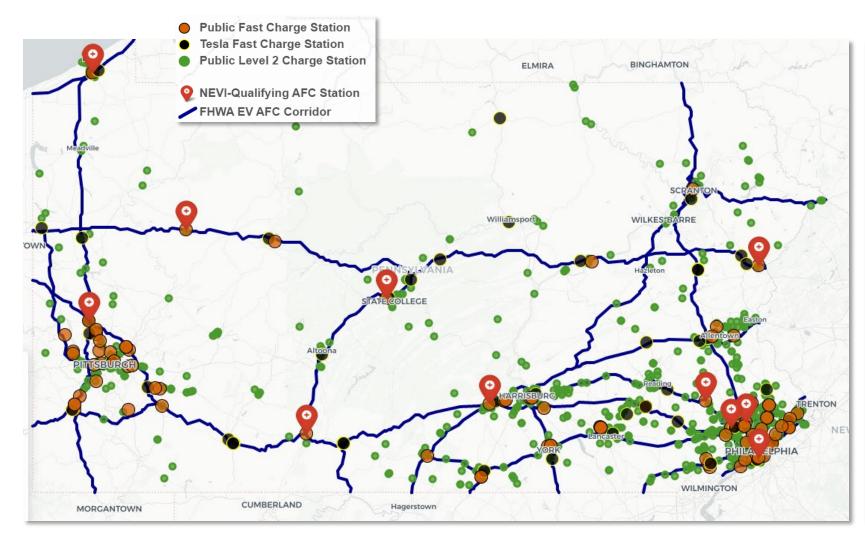
How to Charge Your EV

	Charge Time	Charging Locations	EV Plug Type	Power Source
Level 1	3.5 - 6.5 miles Per Hour	Residential, Workplace	J1772 Tesla	Standard Wall Outlet
Level 2	14 - 35 Miles Per Hour	Residential, Workplace, Destinations	J1772 Tesla	Heavy Duty Outlet (Dryer/Cooking Appliances)
DC Fast Charge	200+ miles Per Hour	Highways, Communities, Destinations	CCS CHAdeMO Tesla	Charging Station

HOW FUELING CARS IS CHANGING WITH ELECTRICITY



PUBLIC CHARGING STATIONS IN PA



• Websites

- Apps
- Trip Planners
- Resources:
 - 511PA
 - <u>penndot.pa.gov/ev</u>
 - Alternative Fuel Data Center (AFDC)
 - PlugShare
 - ChargeHub
 - In-car support

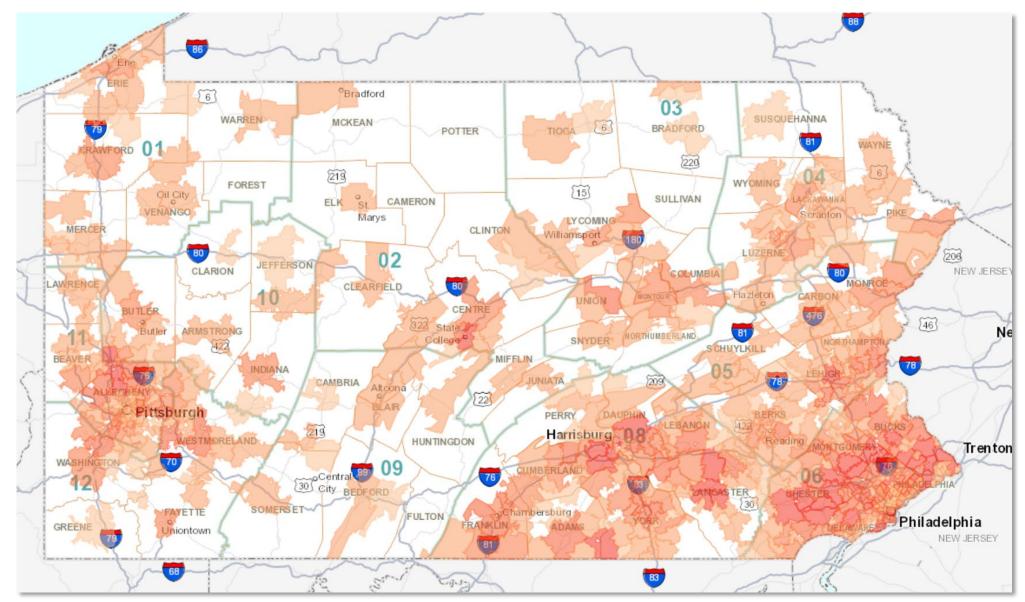
Over 2,800 public plugs at over 1,100 locations

TOTAL EV REGISTRATIONS IN PA

	March 2019	March 2020	March 2021*	March 2022*	July 2022*
Electric	9,784	11,343	16,924	23,689	31,022
Hybrid	29,680	36,252	46,401	56,334	71,992
Other	5,432	6,510	4,159	2,573	5,549
Total	44,896	54,105	67,484	82,596	108,563

Source: PennDOT registration database *Reporting class 1 vehicles numbers only

EV REGISTRATIONS IN PA BY ZIPCODE (JULY 2022)



PA EV Stations (tmp-map.s3.amazonaws.com)

WHAT KEY EV BASICS ARE WE MISSING?

What else should planners be informing the public on regarding EVs?





FUNDING & INCENTIVES

WHY FUNDING & INCENTIVES FOR EV CHARGING?

Invest in strategies to address climate change and air quality To spur future EV sales by ensuring that buyers feel confident in travelling longer distances Create good-paying job opportunities across EV manufacturing, installation and operation

Help address EV charging gaps and needs in disadvantaged and rural communities Catalyze private sector investments that support the build-out of a national EV charging network

RANGE OF GRANTS & INCENTIVES AVAILABLE

					FY 2022 ¹ AMOUNT	<u>Ľ</u>	1.41.41 	\$	Ê	<u>ک</u>		
	- daral Tay Cr	onto	FORMUL	A PROGRAMS								
Federal Tax Grants		National Program	Highway Performance (NHPP)	\$28.4 B ²	<u>Ľ</u> ,							
			Surface T Program	ransportation Block Grant (STBG)	\$12.5 B ^{2,3}	<u>L</u> -			E C	÷۲		
			Congesti Improver	on Mitigation & Air Quality ment Program (CMAQ)	\$2.5 B ²	<u>Ľ</u> .						
	DEP Grants	S	National (NHFP)	Highway Freight Program	\$1.4 B ²				B			
			State Plan	nning and Research (SPR)	\$983.3 M ⁴				E			
			Metropo	litan Planning (PL)	\$438.1 M ²				E Sta			
		_	Carbon F	eduction Program	\$1.2 B ^{2,5}	<u>Ľ</u>			B	پالا		
	DOT Grant	S	National Formula	Electric Vehicle (NEVI) Program	\$685 M ^{2,5,6}	<u>L</u>			ES.			
			DISCRETI	ONARY PROGRAMS								
			Rebuildir Infrastruc and Equi known as	ng American cture with Sustainability ty (RAISE) (formerly s BUILD)	\$1.5 B	<u>L</u>			E Ca			
	Utility Progra	ims	Infrastruc (INFRA) C	cture for Rebuilding America Grant Program	\$1.64 B ^{2,7}	<u>L</u> .			E Sta	بال اً:		
			Technolo	d Transportation and gies and Innovative Deployment	\$60 M ²	<u>Ľ</u>						
			Discretio	nary Grant Program for and Fueling Infrastructure	\$300 M ^{2,5}	<u>L</u>			E Sta			
			Rural Sur	face Transportation Grant	\$300 M ^{2,5}	Ť E	\$\$		af the			
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Construction and installation of EV charging infrastructure including parking facilities and utilities.	Workforce development and training related to EV infrastructure.	EV acquisitions and engine conversions - cars or trucks.	Planning for I charging infrastructure and related p	e chargii projects. securit comm	uction and in ng infrastruct ional, resilier y, environme unity goals fo ortation.	ture to s ncy, natio ental, an	upport onal energ d	ју і	Installatio infrastruc capital pro chapter 53 States Coc	ture as pa ojects eli <u>c</u> 3 of title 4	art of tran Jible unde	r

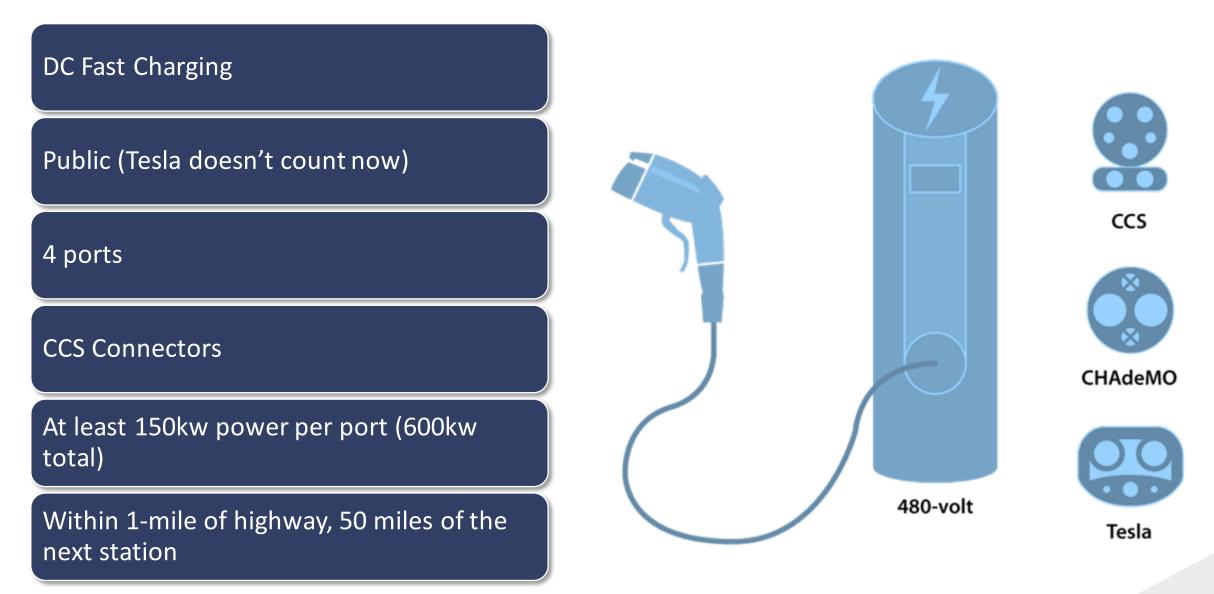
DOT Funding and Financing Programs with EV Eligibilities*

HIGHLIGHTS OF FEDERAL NEVI PROGRAM

National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (NEVI) Program Both <u>Formula</u> and <u>Discretionary</u> Programs

- Funded though the 2021 Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)
- Provides PA \$171.5 million over next 5 years for EV infrastructure
- Program administered by PennDOT
- All states must submit a NEVI State Plan before funds can be used
- The plan is an evolving document updated annually
- Current plan supports allocation of federal funds for federal fiscal years (FFYs) 2022 and 2023

NEVI-QUALIFYING CHARGERS

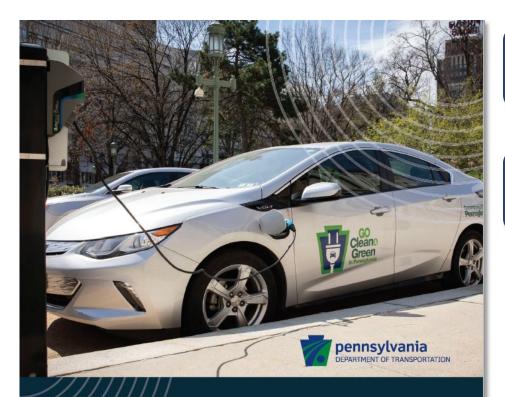


EV ALTERNATIVE FUEL CORRIDORS (AFC)



- PennDOT has nominated corridors over 6 rounds includes interstates and portions of US 30, US 15, Route 1, and Route 422 over 1,800 miles of roadway
- NEVI funding <u>must</u> be applied to AFCs until a "Build-Out" certification by FHWA

PENNDOT NEVI STATE PLAN



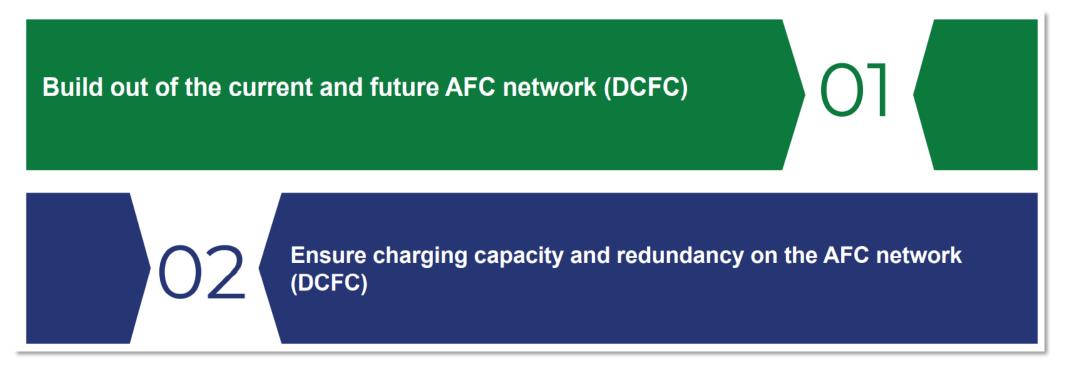
PENNSYLVANIA STATE PLAN FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLE INFRASTRUCTURE DEPLOYMENT

National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (NEVI) Formula Program Approved by USDOT / On PennDOT's Website Search for "PennDOT NEVI State Plan"

What's in the Plan?

- Vision and goals for the NEVI program
- Focus areas for NEVI program spending
- Needs, gaps and opportunities
- Key challenges and risks
- Contracting framework (more to come)
- Labor and workforce needs and actions
- Engagement and equity priorities

PRIORITIES FOR NEVI FORMULA FUNDS



- Focus for initial years of NEVI Formula Program
- Focus on fast-chargers (DCFC) that meet program requirements
- Goal is to meet federal "build-out" criteria for Alternative Fuel Corridors (AFC)

OTHER PRIORITIES FOR NEVI FORMULA FUNDS

Expand charging to other non-interstate routes that may or may not be designated as AFCs and that may serve disadvantaged communities or as emergency routes (DCFC)

> Provide mobile charging or towing services to support emergency response to motorists (DCFC, Level 2 or other power source options)

Provide charging at key public destinations including those that can be accessed by underserved or disadvantaged population (DCFC or Level 2 charging)



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Provide charging at mobility hubs, which are typically located around transit stations and key neighborhood locations. Mobility hubs offer a density of travel options combined with public, commercial, or residential amenities. (DCFC or Level 2 charging)

Provide charging infrastructure to support heavy and medium-duty freight movement including regional travel, rural deliveries or emergency travel (DCFC)

- Most will require formal federal designation of AFC "build-out" before funds can be applied
- More flexibility for application to Level 2 charging
- Final federal guidance needed to determine minimum standards for projects
- Will provide more opportunities to address equity needs

LABOR & WORKFORCE TO SUPPORT NEVI



• Funding available to grow & diversify local workforce for installation, operation, and maintenance of EV charging infrastructure.

PennDOT's NEVI Program to Include:

- Requirements for Qualified Technicians
- Engagement with Education Institutions
- Educational Workshops
- Support for Training Programs
- Equity Considerations
- First Responder Safety Training for EVs

FUTURE NEVI DISCRETIONARY GRANT PROGRAM



Discretionary Grant Program - **\$2.5 billion for all alternative fuels** (EV, compressed natural gas, hydrogen, etc.).

These funds focus on AFC development and community alternative fueling projects.

- **\$1.25 billion** is for designated AFCs while the other half is for community funding. Eligible entities include States, Local governments, Planning Agencies (MPOs/RPOs), Transit and Port Authorities, and Tribal governments.
- \$1.25 billion is designated for Community fueling projects must be on any public road or in other publicly accessible locations.

Priority will be given to projects in rural areas, low-to-moderate income neighborhoods, and communities with a low ratio of private parking spaces to households or a high ratio of multiunit dwellings to single family homes.



EMPHASIZING EQUITY IN EV PLANNING

ENERGY SYSTEMS AND INFRASTRUCTURE ANALYSIS DIVISION

Electric Vehicle Charging Equity Considerations

Ensuring investments in electric vehicle charging benefit disadvantaged communities

Electric Vehicle Charging and the Justice40 Initiative

Many of the burdens from the transportation and energy systems have been historically and disproportionately borne by disadvantaged communities. Unequal distribution of benefits from the transportation and energy systems has prevented disadvantaged communities and minority-owned and women-owned businesses from realizing equitable benefits from these systems, while other historic barriers to transportation have made facilities inaccessible to individuals with disabilities. For these reasons, it is important to emphasize equity considerations when planning investments in electric vehicle charging stations and avoid exacerbating existing disparities in the transportation system.

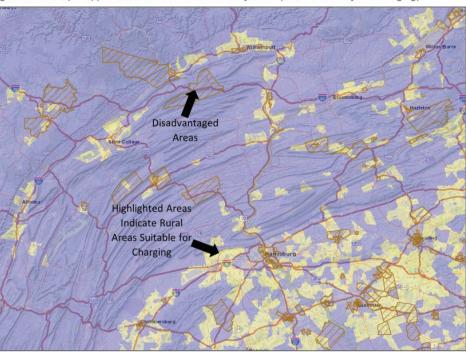
NEVI PROGRAM STEPS TO ADDRESS EQUITY

- **DEVELOP AND MAINTAIN EV EQUITY PRINCIPLES TO INFORM AND GUIDE NEVI PROGRAM DECISIONS**
- 2 COORDINATE WITH EQUITY AND ADVOCACY GROUPS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE NEVI STATE PLAN
 - IDENTIFY LOCAL DACS WITHIN PENNSYLVANIA AND INTEGRATE INFORMATION INTO PROGRAM PROCESSES
- IDENTIFY AND TARGET INTERSTATE AND NON-INTERSTATE CORRIDORS OR DESTINATIONS THAT SERVE DACS
- **5** PROVIDE OPPORTUNITIES FOR FUNDING TO SMALL OR DISADVANTAGED BUSINESSES





Figure 10: Example Application of EZMT Tool in Pennsylvania (Rural Suitability for Charging)



NEVI PROGRAM STEPS TO ADDRESS EQUITY

- 6
- INTEGRATE EQUITY CRITERIA INTO THE PROJECT PRIORITIZATION AND SELECTION PROCESS
- **T** EXPAND ENGAGEMENT TO EQUITY GROUPS TO BETTER UNDERSTAND NEEDS AND OPPORTUNITIES AND BENEFITS RECEIVED FROM THE NEVI PROGRAM
 - DEVELOP A MONITORING DASHBOARD TO TRACK AND REPORT HOW NEVI INVESTMENTS ADDRESS DACS
- SUPPORT WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FOR LOW-INCOME AND MINORITY WORKERS
 - ADDRESS TITLE VI, ADA AND SECTION 504 CONSIDERATIONS

Targeted Outreach to DACs to Evaluate Needs and Benefits of NEVI Program To Those Communities



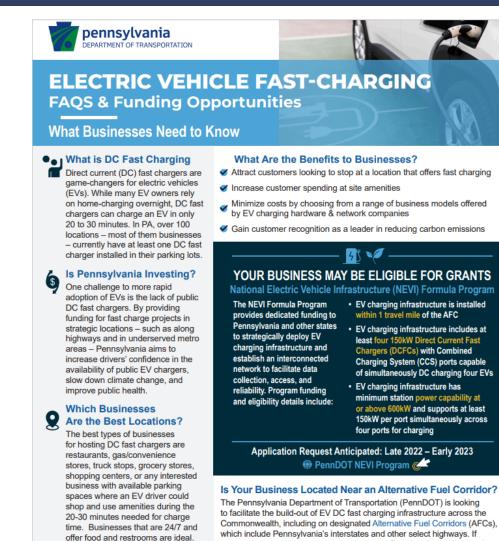
BRAINSTORMING WAYS FOR LOCAL, REGIONAL AND STATE PLANNERS TO SUPPORT EVS

WAYS THAT PLANNERS CAN HELP

- Educate the Public and Businesses
- Identify Needs and Gaps
- Engage Disadvantaged Communities
- Share Funding Opportunities
- Support Grant Applications
- Coordination (utilities)
- Address Risks and Challenges

WAYS TO EDUCATE PUBLIC AND BUSINESSES

- Engage local governments
- Community outreach to educate public
- Community work sessions to evaluate needs and opportunities
- EV demonstrations
- Distribution of funding brochures to businesses
- Connecting interested businesses to Clean Cities and Network Companies
- Supporting EV infrastructure in new construction



Commonwealth, including on designated Alternative Fuel Corridors (AFCs), which include Pennsylvania's interstates and other select highways. If you are interested in a project consultation on fast-charging options and applying for competitive grant funding for a property located within 1-mile of any AFC corridor, please contact: RA-PDEVCorridors@pa.gov

Pennsylvania is Committed to Supporting Growth in EV Vehicles. See the Pennsylvania NEVI State Plan



The best locations for businesses

interested in hosting fast chargers

are near interstate exits along major travel corridors for commuter and recreational travel needs.

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WHY DO A NEEDS ASSESSMENT?

Prepare for Grant Applications

 Grants are competitive – showing community support and a robust engagement and needs assessment will be valuable in winning grants Identify Businesses for Hosting Public Charging Infrastructure

- Find business partners to work with and help them obtain grants and coordinate with charging companies
- Private businesses will be needed to accomplish many charging needs and goals

Provide Local Governments Ideas for Projects, Policies and Other Actions

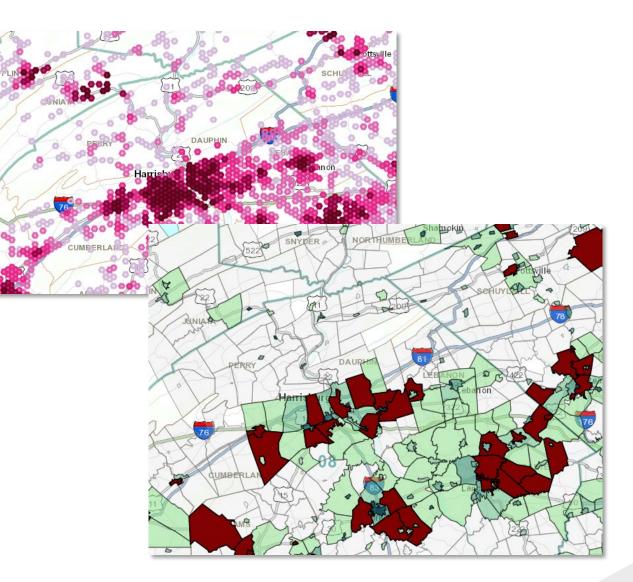
- Evaluate ways to overcome challenges and barriers within the community
- Local governments can work with regional and state partners to get projects funded

KEY STEPS IN A NEEDS ASSESSMENT

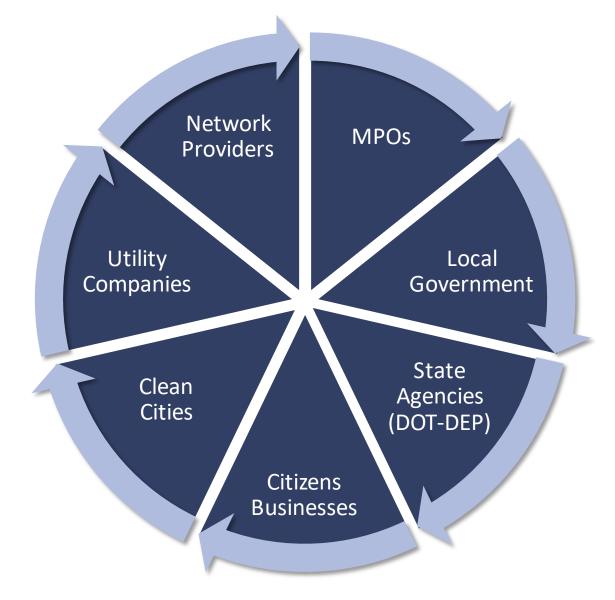


ANALYTICAL EXAMPLES FOR NEEDS EVALUATIONS

- Suitability modeling to find best locations for community charging (e.g. Level 2)
- GIS evaluation
- Suitability based on:
 - Building footprint density
 - Distance to electric substations
 - Employment (by type)
 - Traffic volumes in vicinity
 - Equity areas
 - Key destinations
- Evaluate target areas for outreach
- Inform community needs and gap assessments



IMPORTANCE OF COORDINATION



Example:

DOT > Projects & Programs > Planning > Electric Vehicles and Alternative Fuels > EV Model Ordinance Toolkit

EV Model Ordinance Toolkit

Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment Development Guidebook for Pennsylvania Local Governments (PDF)

Note: This resource was developed by Temple University students.

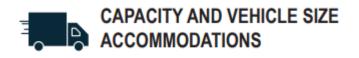
- Equity and EVSE Development (PDF)
- Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Funding Opportunities (PDF)
- EV Charging Station Siting Guide (PDF)
- <u>Future Proofing EVSE (PDF)</u>
- Municipality Guide to Working with EV Charging Networks (PDF)
- Stakeholder Engagement Guide (PDF)

KEY RISKS AND CHALLENGES

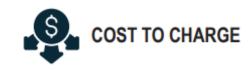


PROFITABILITY/SUSTAINABILITY OF INFRASTRUCTURE IN RURAL COMMUNITIES









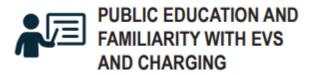


PennDOT recommending applicants address these or other identified challenges in their response to application requests for NEVI funding



EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND RESPONSE









QUESTIONS? OR SHARE YOUR EXPERIENCES & IDEAS RELATED TO EVS



QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION

What other ways can planners support EV technology?	What are some of the challenges you have encountered?	What are your ideas to better integrate equity considerations?				
How can we coordinate efforts between state, regional and local planners?	When and how should we involve our utility providers?	What other stakeholders need to be involved?				
Do we need access to better tools, data and resources to support needs assessments?	Do we need a public engagement toolkit?	What locations are best for public charging and grant applications?				

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CONTACT INFORMATION

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