# Transportation Planning Perspectives Part 2: Transportation and Economic Development Session C7

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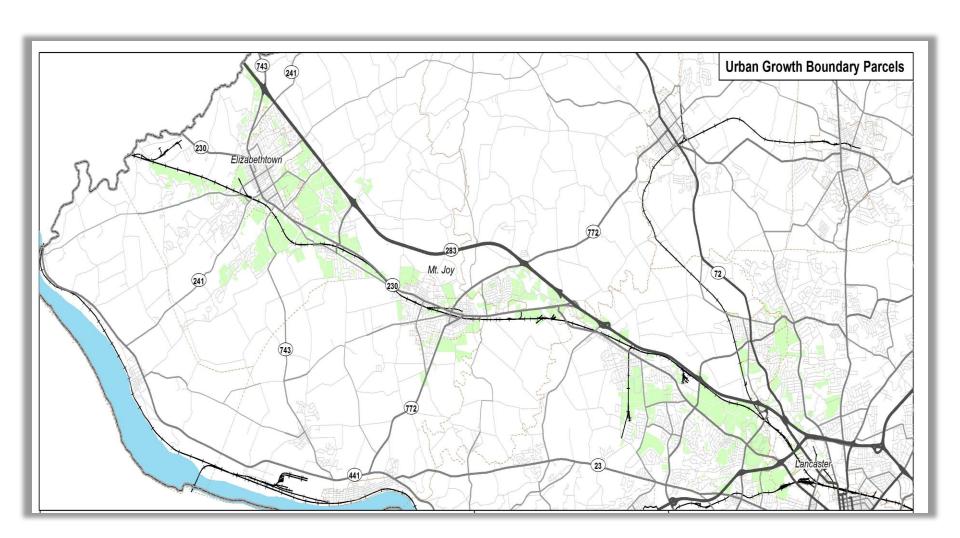


#### SR 283/230 Corridor Study

- Joint project between the Lancaster County Planning Commission and the Lancaster County Economic Development Company
- Problem Statement
  - Lancaster County faces important economic development and land use management challenges within the key transportation corridors of Routes 283 and 230. Need to accomplish the following:
    - Enhance approaches to managing land use to the mutual and reinforcing benefit of all uses and all communities
    - Use sound relationship among jobs, housing, and transportation to direct transportation strategies and investments
    - Use a regionally agreed upon approach that can be replicated along other corridors within the county



## **Corridor Location**





#### **Corridor Study Steering Committee**

- South Central Transit Authority
- Elizabethtown Area School District
- Mt. Joy Borough Authority
- Lancaster Farmland Trust
- Spooky Nook Sports
- The Wenger Group
- Union Community Bank
- Lift, Inc.

- East Hempfield Township
- West Hempfield Township
- East Donegal Township
- West Donegal Township
- Mount Joy Borough
- Mount Joy Township
- Rapho Township
- Elizabethtown Borough



#### Challenges

- The character of the corridor is very diverse
- Need to accommodate significant future growth
- Need to provide results that are meaningful to stakeholders, easily explained, and easily produced







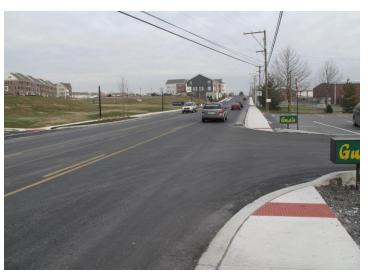
#### **Performance Measures**

- Two-fold performance measurement
  - Land Use Scorecard determine which land use is likely and which parcels are most likely to be developed first
    - Industrial
    - Commercial
    - Residential
    - Agricultural
  - Scenario Performance Measures determine multimodal impacts of land use scenarios



#### **Land Use Suitability**

- What factors do you think make a parcel suitable for each land use?
  - Industrial
  - Commercial
  - Residential







#### Important Industrial Criteria

- Access to interstate
- UTILITIES
- Workforce
- Neighboring land uses
- Transit routes
- Topo
- Zoning
- Stormwater
- Brownfields
- Size
- Price
- Employee amenties



#### **Industrial Land Use**

Metric No.	Measure	Weight	Comparison		
I-1	Parcel size	1	Bigger is better		
I-2	Parcel shape	1	Square is better		
I-3	Parcel fragmentation	1	Less is better		
I-4	Nearby residential density	1	Sparse is better		
I-5	Adjacent to existing industrial	1	More similar uses is better		
I-6	Adjacent to vacant/infill parcel	1	Potential to combine with other parcel for more development		
I-7	Nearby roadway Functional Classification	1	Higher class is better		
I-8	Travel time to interstate	1	Closer is better		
I-9	Direct access to interstate	0.5	Access is better		
I-10	Travel time to transit	1	Closer is better		
I-11	Access to railroad	0.5	Access is better		
I-12	Access to water/sewer service	1	Access is better		



#### **Important Commercial Criteria**

- Visibility
- Parkung
- Proximtiy to residential
- Transit
- High ADT
- COMPLIANCE WITH local plans and zoning
- Income



# **Commercial Land Use**

Metric No.	Measure	Weight	Comparison			
C-1	Parcel shape	0.5	Square is better			
C-2	Parcel fragmentation	0.5	Less is better			
C-3	Adjacent to existing commercial	1	More similar uses is better			
C-4	Adjacent to vacant/infill parcel	1	Potential to combine with other parcel for more development			
C-5	Nearby roadway Functional Classification	1	Collector or Minor Arterials is best			
C-6	Travel time to police/fire/EMS	1	Closer is better			
C-7	Travel time to transit	1	Closer is better			
C-8	Commuting travel time to central business districts	1	Closer is better			
C-9	Access to water/sewer service	1	Access is better			
C-10	Walkability - sidewalk network nearby	1	Higher is better			



#### **Important Residential Criteria**

- Employment
- Nearby adjacent land uses
- Utilities
- Schools
- Parking
- Other public amenities
- Median home values
- Crime
- Environmental characteristics



#### **Residential Land Use**

Metric No.	Measure	Weight	Comparison		
R-1	Parcel shape	0.5	Square is better		
R-2	Parcel fragmentation	0.5	Less is better		
R-3	Nearby residential density	1	Denser is better		
R-4	Distance from industrial land use	0.5	Further is better		
R-5	Distance from agricultural land use	0.5	Further is better		
R-6	Adjacent to existing residential	1	More similar uses better		
R-7	Nearby roadway speed limit	1	Lower is better (lower speed)		
R-8	Walkability to: schools, parks, grocery, hospital, commercial/retail	1	Closer is better		
R-9	Travel time to transit	1	Closer is better		
R-10	Travel time to police/fire/EMS	1	Closer is better		
R-11	Commuting travel time to central business districts	1	Closer is better		
R-12	Access to water/sewer service	1	Access is better		



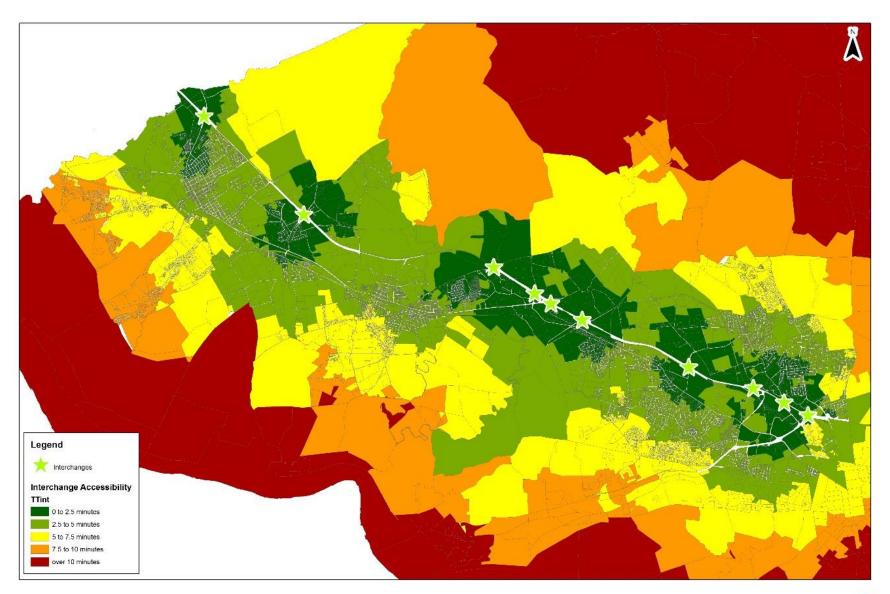
# **Scoring Criteria**

Criteria	Agricultural	Industrial	Commercial	Residential
Access to railroad		1		
Access to water/sewer service		1	1	1
Adjacent to existing agriculture	1			
Adjacent to existing industrial		1		
Adjacent to existing commercial			1	
Adjacent to existing residential				1
Adjacent to vacant/infill parcel	1	1	1	
Commuter travel time to central business districts			1	1
Direct access to interstate (not through downtowns)		1		
Distance from agricultural land use				1
Distance from industrial land use				1
Protected agriculture	1			
Nearby residential density		1	1	1
Nearby roadway Functional Classification	1	1	1	
Nearby roadway speed limit				1
Parcel fragmentation	1	1	1	1
Parcel shape	1	1	1	1
Parcel size	1	1		
Travel time to interstate		1	1	1
Travel time to police/fire/EMS			1	1
Walk access to transit route		1	1	1
Walkability - established sidewalk network nearby			1	
Walk access to schools, parks, grocery, hospital, retail				1



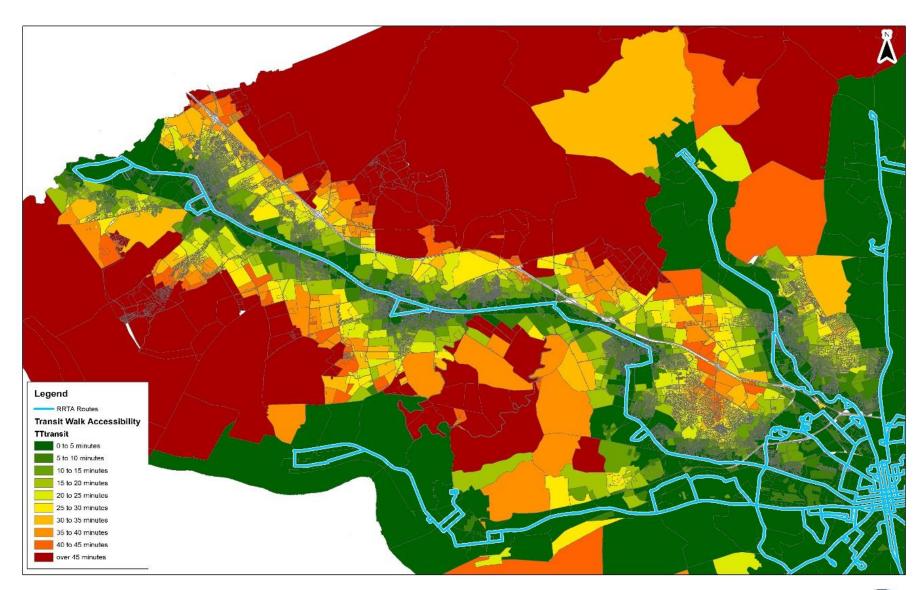


## **Drive Access to an Interchange**



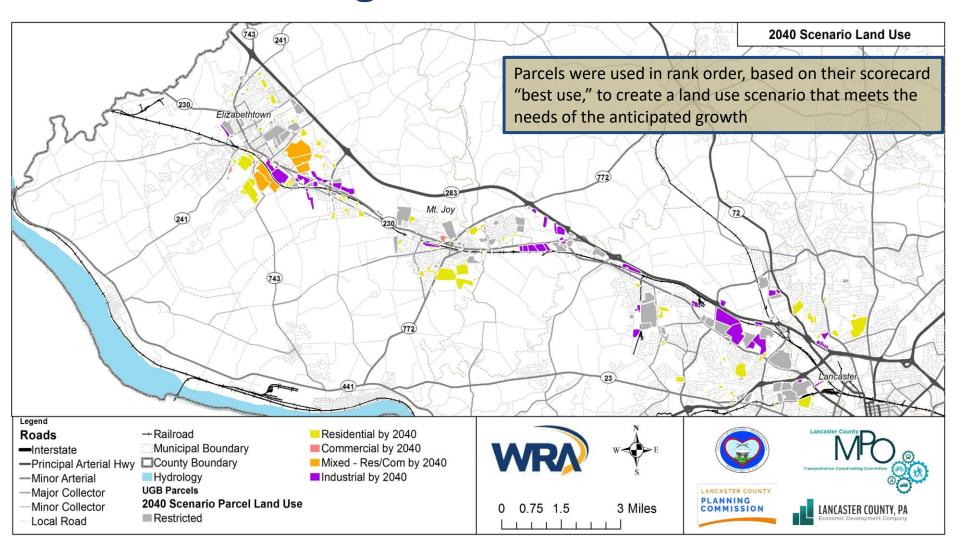


#### **Walk Access to Transit**





#### **Predicting Land Use**





#### **Comparison to Zoning**

- Current zoning is promising
  - Most parcels ranked most appropriate for residential use were already zoned residential
  - But alignment erodes when looking at commercial and industrial uses





#### Methods, Transportation Assessment

- Transportation was forecasted based on four scenarios:
  - 1. Current 2017 conditions
  - 2. Future 2040 conditions with current land use patterns
  - 3. Future 2040 conditions with selected land use as identified by parcel analysis (previous slides)
  - 4. Future 2040 conditions with selected land use and transportation improvements
- Two types of transportation improvements:
  - 1. Projects Identified by Others, including TIP projects and existing plan recommendations
  - 2. Project identified in this study, identified whether by partners or consultants



<sup>\*</sup>Passenger and freight rail was not considered in any scenario

#### **Transportation Results**

The selected land use scenario has a greater role in decreasing congestion and vehicle miles travelled compared to simply applying road improvements to current land use trends under future conditions.

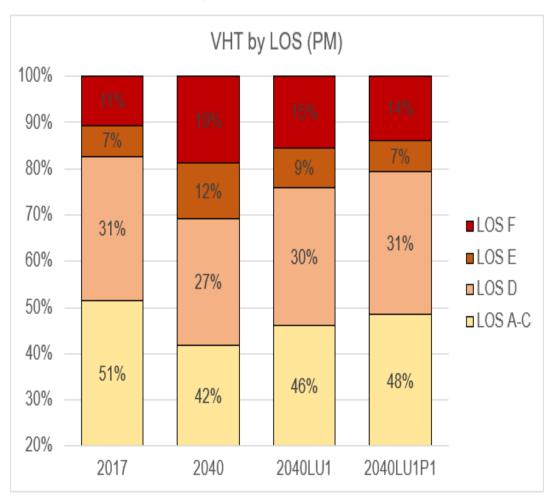




#### **Transportation Results, Level of Service**

Similarly, level of service is impacted by land use.

A wide range of transportation improvements are highlighted, and when combined with the selected land use scenario, transportation dollars will have the greatest impact.





#### **Conclusions**

- Applying the selected land use scenario has a greater role in decreasing congestion and vehicle miles travelled compared to road improvements based on current land use.
- A key element to effective land use and transportation planning is the need for decision-making to span multiple municipalities over a sustained period.
- Small scale and multi-modal transportation improvement can have a significant impact.
- Specific land use suggestions can help municipalities target growth.
- This methodology, including the scoring system for parcels and projection scenarios, can be used in other parts of the county to assist in planning efforts.



#### **Next Steps**

- Incorporate findings into the North West Regional Plan and facilitate further regional and municipal planning adoption
- Analyze individual industrial parcels highlighted in the report to assess their feasibility for development.
- Develop projection for the industrial growth demand in the corridor
- Take steps to execute key transportation improvements by evaluating their position on the TIP and inclusion in the next metropolitan transportation plan
- Evaluate and address water and sewer infrastructure to ensure parcels can accommodate growth
- Coordinate with lead farmland preservation efforts to avoid conflict over high priority industrial sites



#### **Questions?**



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