### TWO SIDES OF THE SAME COIN:

#### PLAN IMPLEMENTATION THROUGH ZONING AND P3S

Michael Gaughan, EDFP, National Development Council Ed LeClear, AICP, Borough of State College Craig Richardson, ESQ., Clarion Associates

October 22, 2017



## WE KNOW WHAT WE DO



Michael Gaughan, EDFP

National Development Council



Ed LeClear, AICP

Borough of State College



Craig Richardson, Esq.

Clarion Associates



## State College Planning Implementation

APA-PA Conference

October 22, 2017

## Agenda

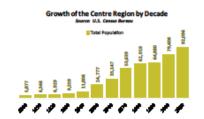
- 1) Discuss regional housing opportunities spurred by increased supply
- 2) Review Implementation of Borough's 2013 Downtown Master Plan regarding redevelopment projects and opportunities
- 3) Review Borough's neighborhood sustainability and affordable housing initiatives

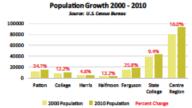


### The Centre Region Population Density SPRING HUSTON BENNER Port Matilda Borough POTTER TAYLOR HALFMOON FERGUSON Legend Persons per square mile 10 - 100 100 - 550 550 - 3750 3750 - 25250 25250 - 170500 Regional Growth Bounds Municipal Boundary ocation of the Centre Region in Centre County

#### **Population Characteristics**

The Centre Region had a total population of 92,096 according to the results of the 2010 U.S. Census. Historically, the Centre Region has experienced periods of both slow and modest population growth. In the first half of the 20th Century, the Centre Region grew less than 10% for each decade until the decade between 1940 and 1950, when the Region experienced a growth in population of 109%. Population growth continued at an elevated rate until 1980, when growth in the decade decreased to pre-1950 levels. In the past two decades, the Centre Region has experienced more modest population growth with a 15.9% increase in population between 2000 and 2010.









### Market Considerations

- Regional Housing Demand > Regional Housing Supply
- Continued strong regional housing demand driven by institutional and regional growth
- Lack of supply drives up prices both for rental and owner-occupied housing
- Recent significant expansion of national student housing development spurred by investment



## Key Objectives

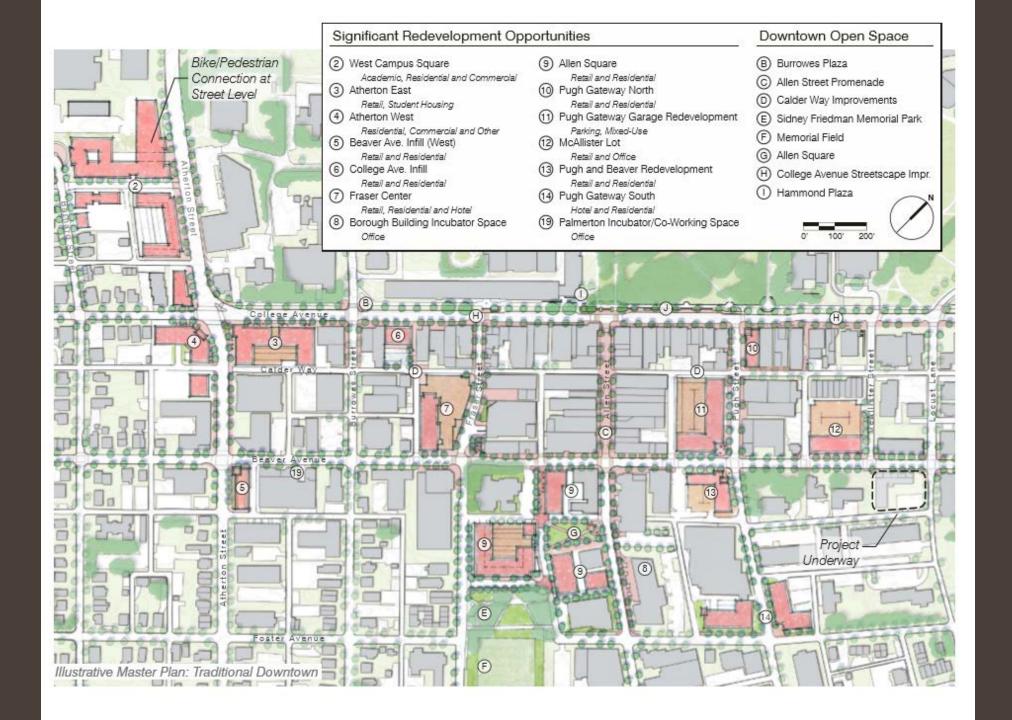
- Build density where there is the strongest demand and the infrastructure is currently built
- Achieve key community objectives (commercial development, affordable housing, neighborhood sustainability) through redevelopment
- Capture the market interest in student housing development to build high-quality, mixed-use buildings on under-utilized sites

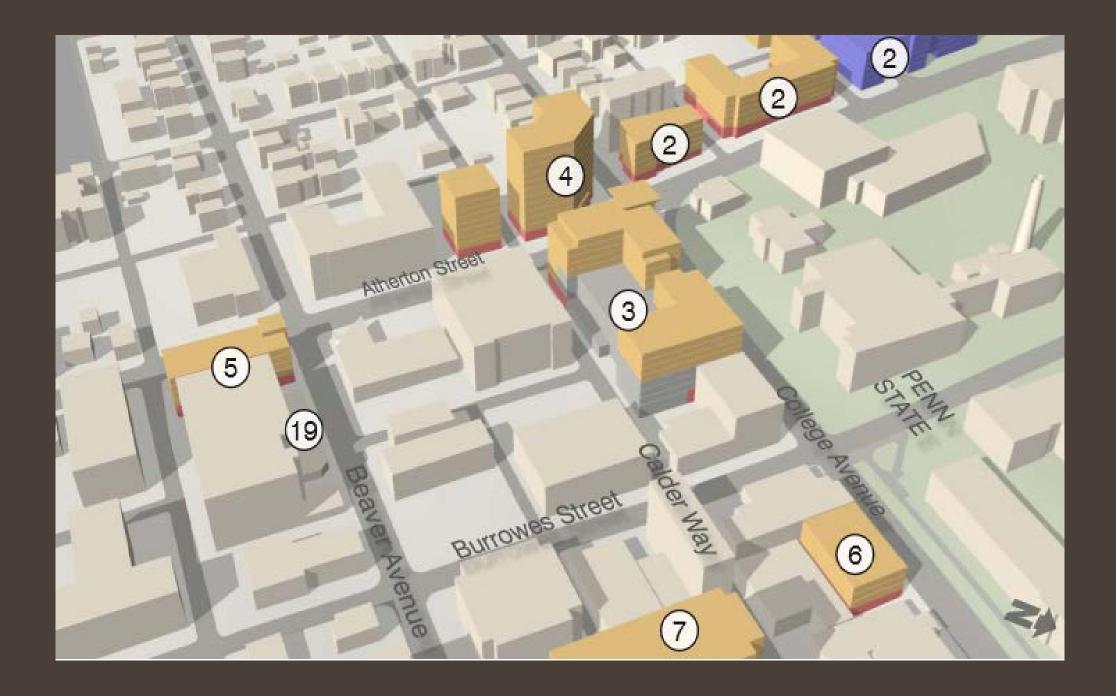
 Improve the vibrancy and economic strength of State College to allow it to compete nationally for talent and firm location









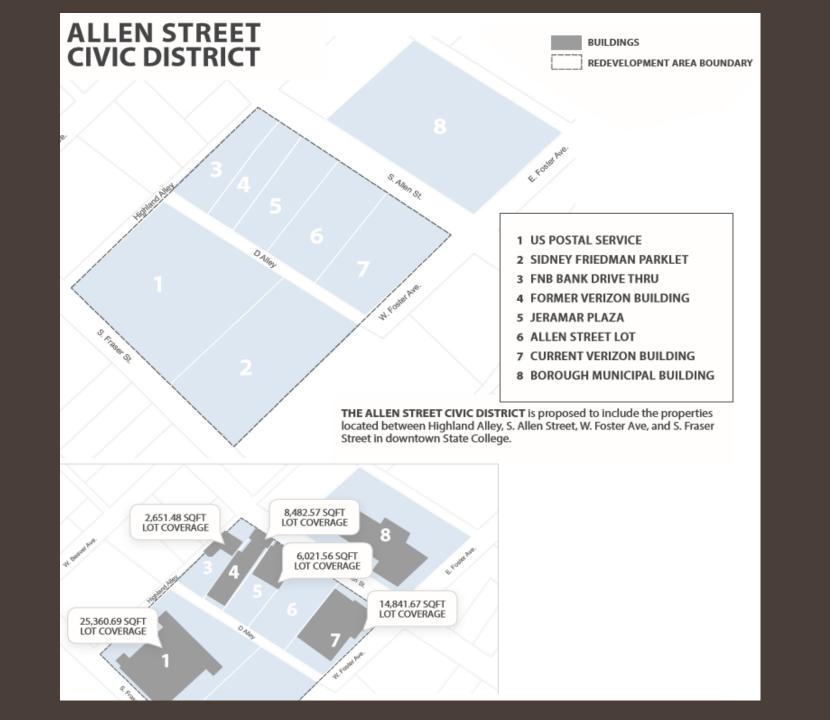


METROPOLITAN **☑ ☑ ☑ ◎ 814-308-8582** METROPOLITA LEARN MORE











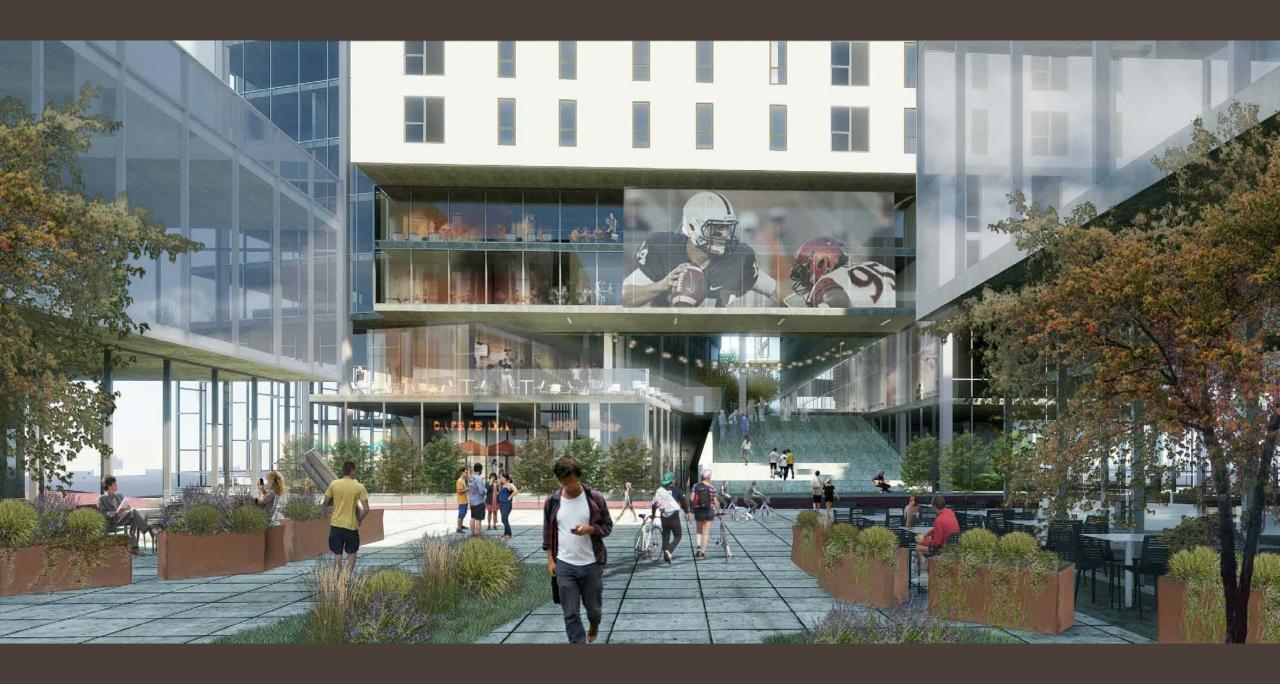














#### Centre Region Off-Campus Student Housing Developments (1)

#### Off-Campus Student Housing

- Complete
- Under Construction
- Approved
- Proposed
- Regional Growth Boundary/Sewer Service Area Municipal Boundary

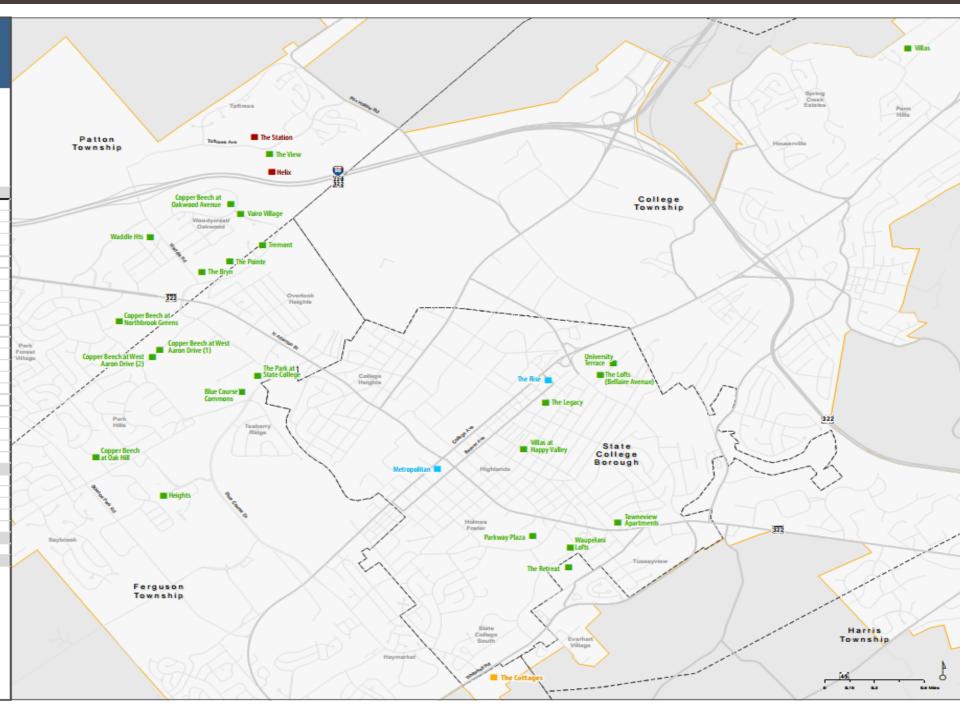
Name	Beds	Municipality
Villas	438	College Twp
Heights	1,300	Ferguson Twp
The Legacy	225	State College Boro
Waddle Hts	52	Patton Twp
Blue Course Commons	276	Ferguson Twp
Copper Beech at Northbrook Greens	250	Patton Twp
Copper Beech at Oak Hill	318	Ferguson Twp
Copper Beech at Oakwood Avenue	144	Patton Twp
Copper Beech at West Aaron Drive (1)	177	Ferguson Twp
Copper Beech at West Aaron Drive (2)	257	Ferguson Twp
The View	1,048	Patton Twp
Tremont	696	Ferguson Twp
The Lofts (Bellaire Avenue)	92	State College Boro
The Bryn	684	Patton Twp
The Park at State College	748	Ferguson Twp
Parkway Plaza	633	State College Boro
The Pointe	984	Patton Twp
The Retreat	587	College Twp
Towneview Apartments	108	State College Boro
University Terrace	847	State College Boro
Vairo Village	1,200	Patton Twp
Villas at Happy Valley	435	State College Boro
Waupelani Lofts	105	State College Boro
Completed Total Beds	11,604	
The Cottages	1,095	Ferguson Twp
Helix	668	Patton Twp
The Station	0	Patton Twp
Metropolitan	539	State College Boro
The Rise	578	State College Boro
Approved/Proposed/Under Construction	2,880	

#### Total Beds 14,484

Source: Centre Regional Planning Agency, CATA - updated May 2017
 This map illustrates the location of large student housing developments that utilize the CATA monthly pass program

CRPA
Centre Regional
Planning Agency
2643 Gateway Drive
State College, PA 16801

814-231-3050



Total new development delivered by August 2020

New Rental Residential Units: 884

Projected New Bedrooms (estimated): 2,947

New Owner-Occupied Condos: 26

New Commercial Square Footage: 264,000 SF

New Hotel Rooms: 165



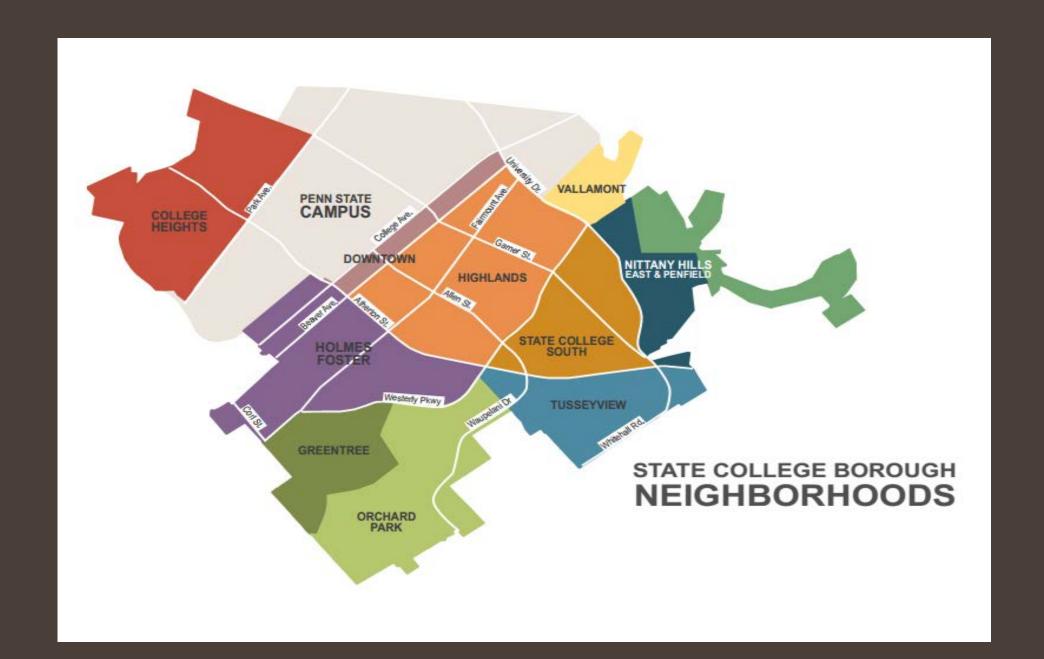


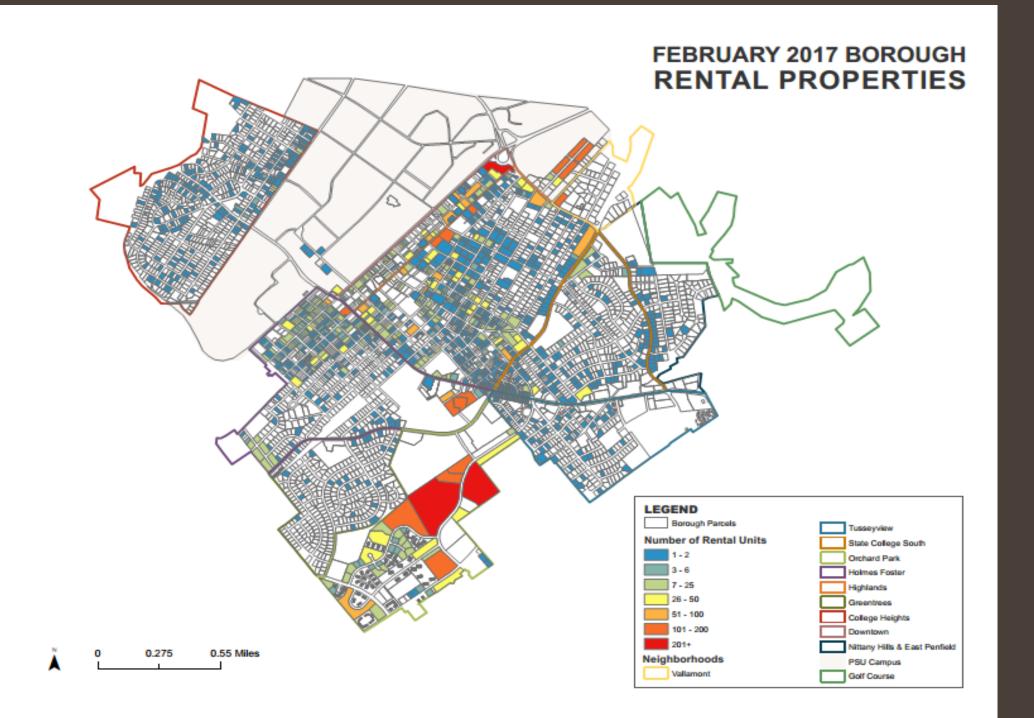






A Plan for Neighborhood Sustainability in the neighborhoods of State College Borough Prepared by the State College Borough Planning Commission Adopted by State College Borough Council July 21, 2014

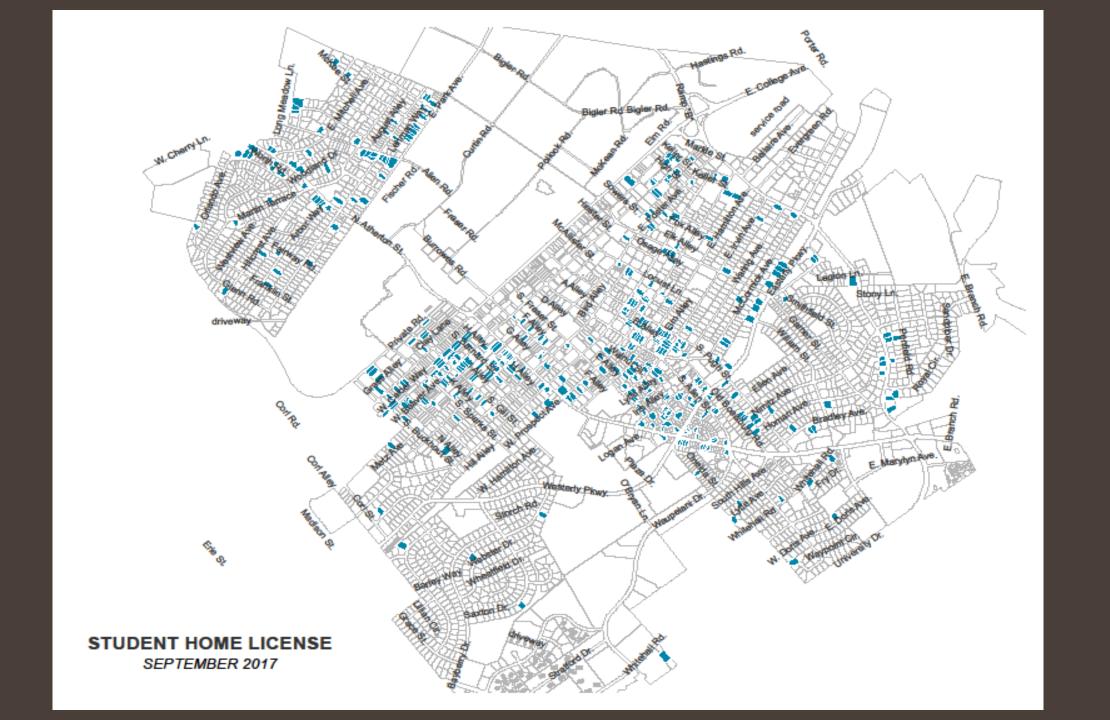




# Student Home Licensing

- Student Home Licensing project began in earnest in 2015 with initial contact with over 1,100 owners of one and two-family properties within the Borough
- SHL ordinance requires all one and two-family properties being used as a Student Home (more than one unrelated student living in the property) be licensed, and license renewal once a year
- Project required five different mailing, significant staff time researching prior use of the properties and responding to property owners
- Final list = 534 Student Home licenses

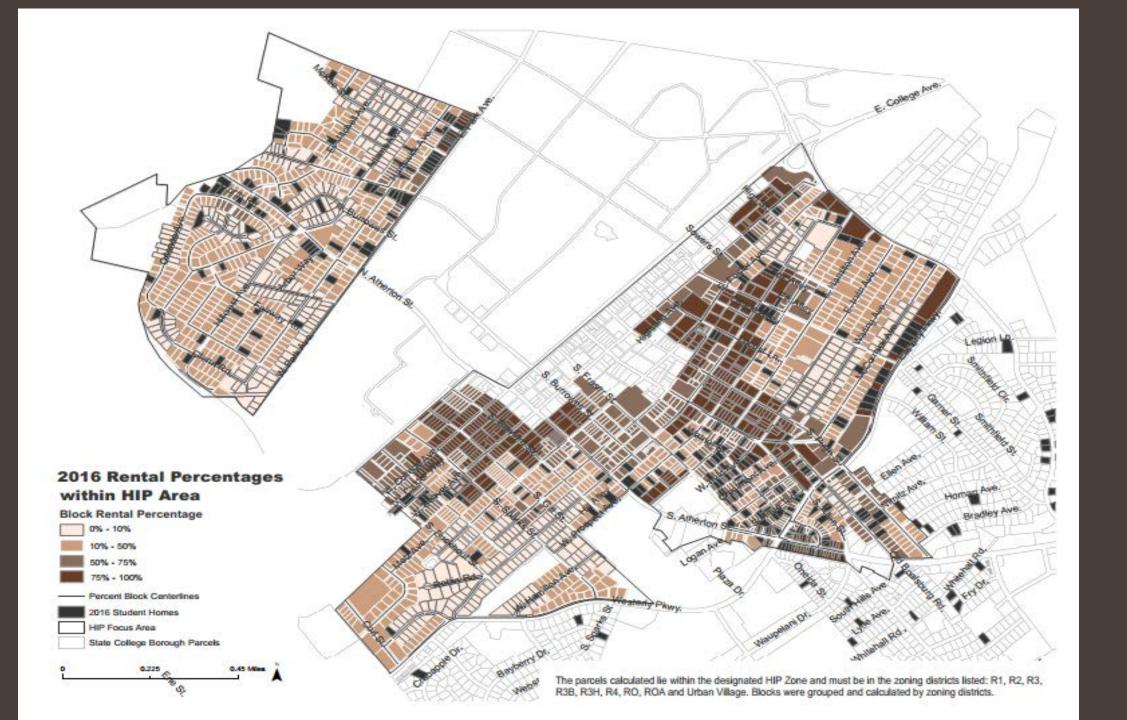




## Neighborhood Sustainability Program (formerly HIP)

- Five million dollar line-of-credit to purchase Student Homes and convert to owner-occupied of non-student rentals
- Ensure a diversity of residents long-term and student within the Borough's low-density residential districts
- Rehabilitate former student rental properties to improve the condition of housing stock
- Sold four properties. Current inventory = seven units
- Utilize existing affordable housing programs (State College Community Land Trust & Temporary Housing Foundation) to assist income-qualified buyers in purchasing former student rentals

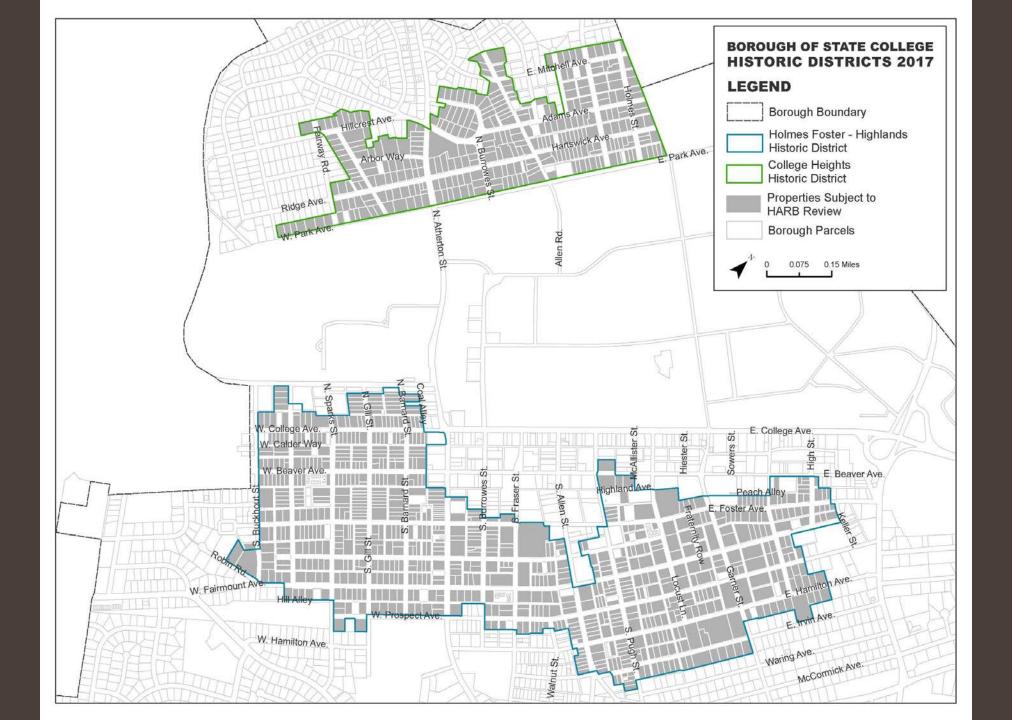




# Heritage State College

- Borough Council is exploring adopting a local historic district ordinance and establishing a Historic and Architectural Review Board
- HARB and Council would review and have authority to approve exterior changes to properties within the two Borough historic districts
- Combined parcel total for both historic districts: 1,142 (roughly 20% of Borough parcels)
- More information at <u>www.statecollegepa.us/HARB</u>





# Comprehensive Zoning Ordinance Revision

- A key recommendation from both plans was to review and update the Borough's zoning ordinance to better align with the dual goals of redevelopment and neighborhood preservation
- State College Borough's current zoning ordinance was adopted in 1959, and been amended 214 times since
- Borough contracted with Clarion Associates in 2017 to assess and draft a new ordinance
- Assessment completion is scheduled for fall 2017 with a draft ordinance targeted for fall 2018
- Project website: <u>www.zonestatecollege.org</u>



# Thank you!

# Ed LeClear, AICP

Planning Director

Borough of State College

814.234.7109

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PLAN IMPLEMENTATION
THROUGH PUBLIC-PRIVATE DEVELOPMENT
October 22, 2017 | National Development Council

State College, PA

# Who we are



Since 1969, NDC has proudly carried out its mission to create jobs and promote community development in economically disadvantaged urban and rural neighborhoods across America

#### **Homes**

We assist in the development of housing by leveraging scarce public resources to ensure that access to housing will also mean access to transportation, jobs, and amenities.

#### **Jobs**

We use our knowledge of the private sector's strengths and limitations to structure and employ programs that provide capital to small businesses.

#### **Community**

We provide access to tools for the financing and development of infrastructure that can facilitate economic development and improve quality of life.



### How we work

#### NDC's non-profit mission is to increase the flow of capital to distressed urban and rural communities

#### CAPACITY

**Training &** 

Certification

### **Technical**





**Policy** 



**Technical Assistance – NDC** field directors help define, design,

**Training** — NDC instructors teach the skills and knowledge needed to successfully facilitate housing and economic development projects

and execute development and business finance initiatives

Policy – NDC advocates on behalf of our communities to ensure that resources are available to bring homes, jobs, and facilities to urban and rural communities across America

#### FINANCING & DEVELOPMENT

**Affordable** Housing



**Small Business** Lending



**Community Facilities** 



Affordable Housing - NDC creates quality housing as a provider of syndicated investments in low income housing tax credits (LIHTCs) and historic rehabilitation tax credits (RTCs)

**Small Business Lending** – NDC creates jobs through lending that focuses on LMI and W/MBE businesses.

Community Facilities – NDC's helps grow communities by financing and building community and public facilities with publicprivate partnerships and new markets tax credits (NMTC) investments



### **Impact at Glance**

•••

\$662M for Affordable

Housing

\$704M in New Markets Tax Credit Allocation \$2.5B

in Public-Private Partnership Development \$220M

in Small Business Loans 70K+
Practitioners

Trained

TA Client Communities

100 +

MARE ISLAND BREWING COMPANY

Small Business Lending



CONY FLATIRON SENIOR RESIDENTS

Affordable Housing



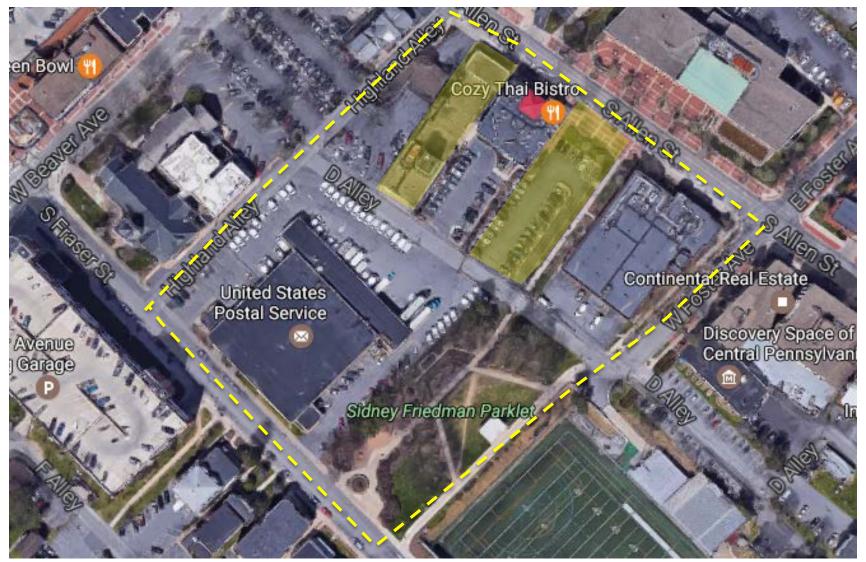
SCRANTON PARKING SYSTEM
Public Private Partnerships





### **Leveraging Borough Assets for Plan Implementation**

• •





## Strategic Use of RFQ and RFP

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ 

Borough Role & Benefits

Borough sells the project to the development community to attract broadest range of interested parties

- Integrity of Adopted Plan
- Monetary returns
- Time to implementation
- Diversity of development uses, partners, and amenities

**Request for Qualifications** 

**Request for Proposals** 

Developer
Benefits & Role

- Community vision
- Site Control
- Land use certainty
- Environmental / Infrastructure

Developers sell the
Borough on their proposal
in consideration of highest
priority outcomes



### **Key Goals of Process**

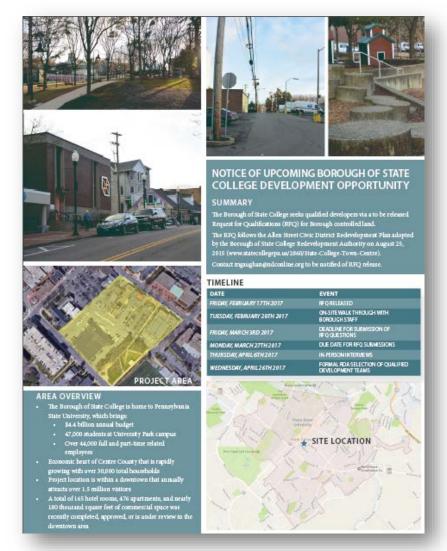
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- 1. Attract developers that share the RDA's vision for the redevelopment area.
- 2. Develop solicitation process that eliminates information disparities between buyer and seller.
- 3. Create transparent process that facilitates greatest number of participants and insulates RDA from criticism.
- 4. Ensure that the developer has the capacity to undertake the project.
- 5. Receive proposal that is fiscally beneficial to the Borough.



### **Premarketing**

• • •



- Met with area stakeholders
- Engaged local development community
- Contacted statewide industry organizations
- Statewide developer outreach
- Developed distribution list for RFQ distribution



# **SCTC Request for Qualifications**



RFQ PREPARED BY THE BOROUGH OF STATE COLLEGE

#### **EVALUATION**

PROJECT VIABILITY	Experience with similar or related projects     Feasibility of proposal and likelihood of success     Financial capacity of Development Team	MAX OF 40 POINTS
COMPATIBILITY & INTEGRATION WITH REDEVELOPMENT PLAN	Compatibility of proposed uses with borough visions and surround neighborhood     Integration with surrounding neighborhood     Consistency with prior planning efforts	MAX OF 20 POINTS
COMMUNITY BENEFITS	<ul> <li>Ability to deliver community benefits required by the borough</li> </ul>	MAX OF 20 POINTS
FISCAL IMPACT TO BOROUGH	Ability of development to contribute towards the economic sustainability of the borough	MAX OF 10 POINTS
COMPLETENESS AND QUALITY OF THE PROPOSAL		MAX OF 10 POINTS

#### REQUEST FOR QUALIFICATIONS SCHEDULE

DATE	EVENT	NOTES
TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28TH 2017	ON-SITE WALK THROUGH WITH BOROUGH STAFF	PLEASE REGISTER WITH MGAUGHAN@NDCON- LINE.ORG BY FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 24TH 2017
FRIDAY, MARCH 3RD 2017	DEADLINE FOR SUBMISSION OF RFQ QUESTIONS	SUBMIT QUESTIONS IN WRITTEN FORM TO MGAUGHAN@NDCONLINE.ORG
MONDAY, MARCH 27TH 2017	DUE DATE FOR RFQ SUBMISSIONS	SEE SUBMISSION DISTRIBUTION WITHIN RFQ
THURSDAY, APRIL 6TH 2017	IN-PERSON INTERVIEWS	ELIGIBLE RESPONDERS WILL BE CONTACTED PRIOR TO EVENT
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26TH 2017	FORMAL RDA SELECTION OF QUALIFIED DEVELOPMENT TEAMS	



## Strategic Use of RFQ and RFP

 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$ 

Borough Role & Benefits

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Developers sell the
Borough on their proposal
in consideration of highest
priority outcomes



# **SCTC** Request for Proposals

. . .

State College Town Centre Request For Proposals

JULY 2017



STATE COLLEGE

#### Evaluation

Proposals will be evaluated based upon the below criteria.

Project Viability		Feasibility of proposal and likelihood of success Financial feasibility of proposals	Max of 25 points
Compatibility & Integration with Redevelopment Plan		Compatibility of proposed uses with Borough visions and surrounding neighborhood Integration with surrounding neighborhood. Consistency with prior planning efforts	Max of 25 points
Community Benefits	•	Ability to deliver Community Benefits required by the Borough	Max of 25 points
Fiscal Impact to Borough	:	On-going tax revenue generated by the development Monetary consideration given for land conveyance Economic value of parking granted Economic value for Borough master lease or purchase of space in the development	Max of 25 points
Completeness and quality of the proposal			Max of 5 points

#### Request for Proposals Schedule

Date	Event	Notes
Wednesday, July 19, 2017	Release RFP	
Thursday, August 10th, 2017	On-site Q&A with teams	
Friday, September 15th, 2017	Due date for RFP submissions	
Wed., September 27th, 2017	Presentation to RDA Board	
Wed., October 25th, 2017	Staff evaluation presented to	
	RDA Board	



# **Response Under Evaluation**

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### **Rightsizing Public Investment**

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#### NDC Approach to Evaluating Public Partnerships

- 1. Does public policy support capital expenditures?
- 2. Does the developer require public support?
- 3. Does the developer have the capacity to complete the project?
- 4. Will the project advance broader economic objectives?
- 5. Does the incentive impact the ability to provide public services?
- 6. If financing is used, is the revenue projection reasonable?

#### Stamford, CT



#### City of New Rochelle, NY







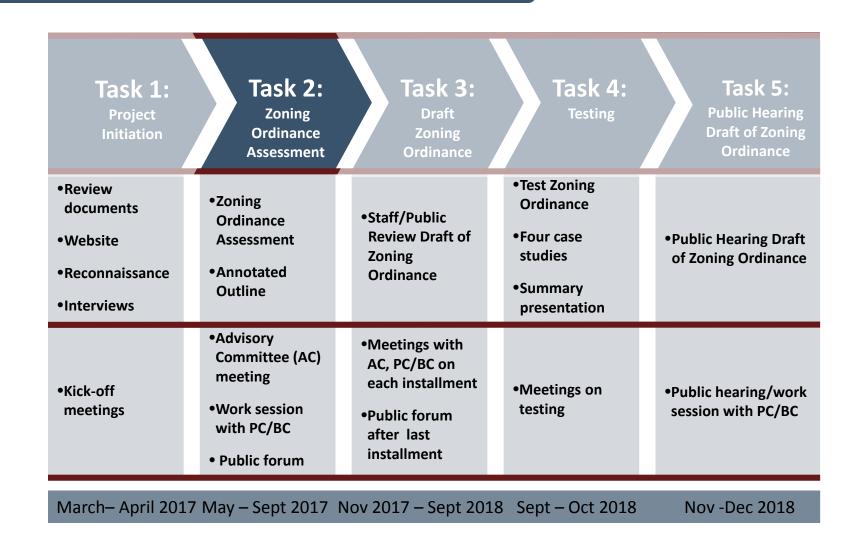


### Overview

- The Project
- Retooling Zoning
   Ordinances to Support
   Desired Forms of
   Redevelopment

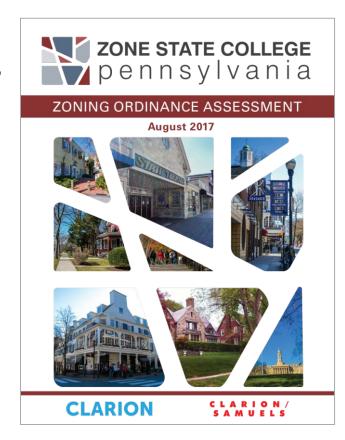


## The Project



### The Project- Key Update Issues

- I. Create User-Friendly Ordinances
- II. Refine and Modernize Zone Districts to Implement Local Plans
  - Protect neighborhoods
  - Establish logical district structure
  - Support walkable urbanism in appropriate places
  - Support redevelopment of commercial corridors
- III. Support and Encourage Green Building Standards
- IV. Encourage and Support Redevelopment



#### **OVERRIDING PRINCIPLES:**

- Make it Easier to Achieve Desired Types of Development and Redevelopment
- Make it Harder to Achieve
   Undesirable Types of Development
   and Redevelopment
- Level the Playing Field for Desirable
   Types of Redevelopment



# OFF-STREET PARKING AND OTHER STANDARDS THAT RECOGNIZE DIFFERENT DEVELOPMENT CONTEXTS

- Concept: One size typically does not fit all
- Borough: Downtown versus other parts of the community
- Recent Examples
  - Prince George's County Zoning
     Ordinance Rewrite
    - TOD/Activity Center Zones
    - Inside Capital Beltway
    - All Other Places
  - Norfolk, VA Zoning Ordinance
     Update
    - Downtown
    - Traditional Character District
    - Suburban Character District

		Off-Street Parking Standards							
Principal Use Category	Principal Use Type	RTO and LTO Zones (Base and PDs)		TAC Zone (Base and PDs)		NAC (Base and	Inside the Capital	All Other Areas in	
		Core	Edge	Core	Edge	PDs)	Beltway	the Count	
	Sawmill				Not applicable			1.0 spaces per 5000 SF office area	1.0 spaces pe 5000 SF office area
Open Space Uses		or greenway, or and public water- eational and	No minimum						
Cemetery				No minimum			3.0 spaces per acre of land used for grave space	3.0 spaces pe acre of land used for grav space	
	Artists' reside	ential studios	No minimum	0.75 per DU	1.0 per DU	0.75 per DU	1.5 per DU	1.5 per DU	1.5 per DU
	Dwelling, live-work		Not applicable	1.0 per DU	Not applicable	1.0 per DU	1.0 per DU	2 per DU	2 per DU
	Dwelling, mar	nufactured home	Not applicable					1.5 per DU	2.0 per DU
Household Living	Dwelling, mu	ltifamily	No minimum	1.0 per DU (all studio and 1 BR) to 1.35 per DU (all other unit types)	1.0 per DU (all studio and 1 BR) to 1.2 per DU (all other unit types)	1.0 per DU (all studio and 1 BR) to 1.35 per DU (all other unit types)	1.0 per DU (all studio and 1 BR) to 1.35 per DU (all other unit types)	1.5 per DU	2.0 per DU
	Dwelling, sing detached	gle-family			Not applicable			1.5 per DU	2.0 per DU
	Dwelling, thre	ee-family	No minimum	1.0 per DU	1.0 per DU	1.2 per DU	1.0 per DU	1.2 per DU	1.5 per DU
	Dwelling, tow	Dwelling, townhouse		1.0 per DU	A No requirement	1.5 per DU	1.5 per DU	2.0 per DU	2.0 per DU
	Dwelling, two-family		Not applicable				1.5 per DU	2.0 per DU	
	Manufactured	d home park	Not applicable			1.5 per DU	2.0 per DU		
Group Living Uses	Assisted living facility	≤ 8 elderly or handicapped residents	No minimum	1.0 per 8 beds	1.0 per 8 beds	1.0 per 4 beds	1.0 per 8 beds	1.0 per 4 beds	1.0 per 4 bed

OFF-STREET PARKING AND OTHER
STANDARDS THAT RECOGNIZE DIFFERENT
DEVELOPMENT CONTEXTS

- Recent Examples (cont.)
  - Daytona Beach, FL LDC Update
  - Albany, NY Zoning Ordinance Update
- Other Type of Standards
  - Landscaping
  - Streetscape Standards
  - Transitional Buffers

	TA	BLE 5.1.7.D: MINIMUM N	UMBER OF PARKING SP.	ACES	
PRINCIPAL USE CATEGORY	PRINCIPAL USE TYPE	DOWNTOWN CHARACTER DISTRICT	TRADITIONAL CHARACTER DISTRICT	SUBURBAN CHARACTER DISTRICT	COASTAL CHARACTER DISTRICT
	CONSERVAT	TON, OPEN SPACE, AGRICU	LTURE, AND RESOURCE PRO	TECTION USES	
Conservation, Open Space and Resource Protection Uses	All Uses	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
		RESIDEN	NTIAL USES		
	Dwelling, live-work	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings	2 per DU	2 per DU	2 per DU
	Dwelling, multifamily	1.5 per DU	1.6 per DU	1.75 per DU	1.75 per DU
Household Living	Dwelling, single-family detached	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings)	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings)	2 per DU	2 per DU
	Dwelling, single-family semi- detached	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings)	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings)	2 per DU	2 per DU
	Dwelling, townhouse	1.5 per DU	1.75 per DU	2.0 per DU	2.0 per DU
	Dwelling, two-family	2 per DU	2 per DU	2 per DU	2 per DU
	Manufactured home park	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings)	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings)	2 per DU	2 per DU
	Congregate housing	0.33 per DU	0.33 per DU	0.33 per DU	0.33 per DU
	Continuing care retirement community	0.5 per DU	0.5 per DU	0.5 per DU	0.5 per DU
Group Living Uses	Fraternity or sorority house	2 per BDRM	2 per BDRM	2 per BDRM	2 per BDRM
USES .	Group home	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings)	2 per DU (1 per DU for adaptive reuse of existing buildings)	2 per DU	2 per DU
	Rooming house	1 plus 1 per BDRM	1 plus 1 per BDRM	1 plus 1 per BDRM	1 plus 1 per BDRM
		PUBLIC, CIVIC, AND	INSTITUTIONAL USES		
Communication	Broadcasting studio	1 per 800 sf	1 per 400 sf	1 per 200 sf	1 per 200 sf
Uses	All Other Uses	Zoning Administrator	Zoning Administrator	Zoning Administrator	Zoning Administrato
Community Service Uses	Club or lodge or community- oriented associations, or membership organization	1 per 65 sf assembly area	1 per 60 sf assembly area	1 per 50 sf assembly area	1 per 50 sf assembl area
	Day care center, adult	1 plus 1 per 10 attendees	1 plus 1 per 10 attendees	1 plus 1 per 6 attendees	1 plus 1 per 6 attende

# EVALUATE AND MODFY ZONE DISTRICTS TO ADDRESS NONCONFORMITIES

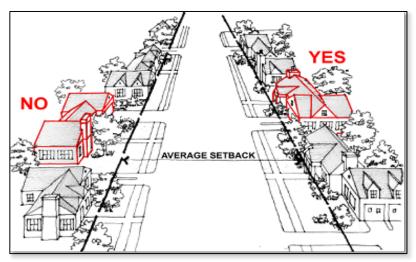
- Concept: Nonconformities create obstacles to redevelopment. To remove must tailor strategy to the specific zoning ordinance
- Borough: Review dimensional standards in residential zone districts to address nonconforming lots and structures
- Other Recent Examples:
  - •Portsmouth, VA refined zone district and dimensional standards, in conjunction with tailored s contextual standards
  - •Norfolk, VA -- refined zone district standards and nonconformity rules
  - Apopka FL and Greenville SC established new residential zone districts to address nonconforming lots



# USE CONTEXTUAL COMPATIBILITY STANDARDS IN SELECTED ZONE DISTRICTS OR CONTEXTS

#### Concept:

- In many old Ordinances, zone district regulations have been misapplied, creating neighborhoods of nonconformities
- Redevelopment consistent with current form is desired and compatible (but not allowed by district regulations
- Contextual compatibility standards address the problem, both in residential and nonresidential context
- Borough: could potential be employed in some of the residential zone districts
- Recent examples: most all development codes
   Clarion has updated, tailoring standards.





# USE ADMINISTRATIVE ADJUSTMENT OR MODIFICATION PROCEDURE

#### Concept:

- Redevelopment is generally more difficult than greenfield development, for variety of reasons
- Experience teaches that allowing "minor" modifications or adjustments to development/design standards to be approved administratively, as long as it does not have adverse impacts helps "level the playing field" for redevelopment
- In many instances can remove significant obstacles
- Key that the provisions use thresholds and specific criteria

Table 27-3.517.B.1: Minor Departures				
	Maximum Departure (percentage departure from standard)			
Standard	Transit- Oriented/Activity Center Base and Planned Development Zones and Base and Planned Development Zones Inside the Capital Beltway	All Other Zones		
Base zone dimensional standards	15	15		
Block design standards in Sec. 27-6.108.K, Block Design	20	15		
Vehicle stacking spaces standards in Table 27- 6.108.O.1.a: Minimum Stacking Spaces for Drive- Through Facilities and Related Uses, in Sec. 27- 6.108.O, Vehicle Stacking Space	20	15		
Numerical standards in Sec. 27-6.205.I, Large Vehicular Use Areas (300 or More Spaces)	10	15		
Off-street parking standards in Sec. 27-6.206.A: Minimum Number of Off-Street Parking Spaces, in Sec. 27-6.206, Off-street Parking Space Standards	15	10		
Numerical standards in Sec. 27-6.207, Dimensional Standards for Parking Spaces and Aisles, in Sec. 27- 6.207, Dimensional Standards for parking Spaces and Aisles	15	10		
Numerical standards in Sec. 27-6.211, Loading Area Standards	15	10		
Location of off-street parking in Sec. 27-6.804.B, Location of Off-Street Parking, in the Multifamily, Townhouse, and Three Family Form and Design Standards	10	15		
Numeric building length standards in 27-6.804.D, Maximum Building Length, in the Multifamily, Townhouse, and Three Family Form and Design Standards	10	15		
Numeric building façade standards in Sec. 27-6.804.E, Building Façades, in the Multifamily, Townhouse, and Three family Form and Design Standards	10	15		

# USE ADMINISTRATIVE ADJUSTMENT OR MODIFICATION PROCEDURE

- Borough: Considering use of adjustment/modification procedure for specific development standards (e.g., some dimensional standards, off-street parking, and design/form standards)
- Recent Example:
  - Prince George's County, MD
    - Targeted modification
       procedure for dimensional
       standards, off-street parking,
       landscaping, lighting,
       design/form standards, and
       others

Table 27-3.517.B.1: Mind	or Departures		
	Maximum Departure (percentage departure from standard)		
Standard	Transit- Oriented/Activity Center Base and Planned Development Zones and Base and Planned Development Zones Inside the Capital Beltway	All Other Zones	
Numerical building façade/transparency standards in			
Sec. 27-6.804.G, Building Façade			
Fenestration/Transparency, in the Multifamily,	10s	15	
Townhouse, and Three family Form and Design Standards			
Numerical offsets in Sec. 27-6.904.C, Façade			
Articulation, in the Nonresidential and Mixed Use	10	15	
Form and Design Standards			
Numerical building façade fenestration/transparency			
standards in Sec. 27-6.904.E, Building Façade			
Building Façade Fenestration/Transparency, in the	10	15	
Nonresidential and Mixed Use Form and Design			
Standards			
Location of off-street parking in Sec. 27-6.905.E, Off-			
Street Parking Location Standards, in the Large Retail Form and Design Standards	15	10	
Numerical buffer width standards in Sec. 27-			
6.1204.A.2, Buffer Width, in the Agricultural	No Departure	15	
Compatibility Standards			
Numerical standards in Sec. 27-6.1405, General	10	15	
Standards			
Numerical standards in Sec. 27-6.1406, Standards for	10	15	
Specific Sign Types, in Signage Numerical standards in Sec. 27-6.1407, Standards for			
Special Purpose Signs, in Signage	10	15	
Numerical standards in Sec. 27-6.1408. Standards for			
Temporary Signs, in Signage	10	15	

#### **ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS**

#### Concept:

- Given the nature of redevelopment, some development standards, especially parking, can create obstacles to desired redevelopment
- Allowing some flexibility provisions to address this circumstance, can remove these obstacles
- Examples of alternative compliance provisions for parking: shared parking, off-site parking, valet and tandem parking, on-street parking, deferred parking, transportation demand management

	TABLE 6.5.C:	BUFFER TYPES			
		TE CALIPER INCHES]			
BUFFER TYPE AND MINIMUM SCREENING REQUIREMENTS WITHIN PERIMETER BUFFER 1.2.3					
CONFIGURATION	Ортіон 1:	Option 2:	Option 3:		
	MINIMUM WIDTH 25 FEET	MINIMUM WIDTH 15 FEET	MINIMUM WIDTH 5 FEE		
	Түре	A - Basic			
his perimeter buffer	10 ACI of shade trees per every 100 linear	2 ACI of shade trees + 12 ACI of small			
unctions as basic edge	feet (at least 30% of all plants shall be	trees per every 100 linear feet (at least 60%	3-foot-tall semi-opaque		
emarcating individual	evergreen)	of all plants shall be evergreen)	(75% transparent) fence		
roperties with a slight	NIA NIX NIX NIX NIX	TAIN AND ATAIN	or wall + 5 evergreen		
isual obstruction from			shrubs per every 100		
he ground to a height	ATDATDATDATDA	AN AN AN ANY	linear feet		
f ten feet.					
	Type B	- AESTHETIC			
his perimeter buffer		4 ACL of shade trees + 13 5 ACL of small			
inctions as an	8 ACI of shade trees + 12 shrubs per	trees + 5 shrubs per every 100 linear feet			
ntermittent visual	every 100 linear feet (at least 30% of all	(at least 60% of all plants shall be			
bstruction from the	plants shall be evergreen)	evergreen)	4-foot-tall semi-opaque		
round to a height of			(50% transparent) fence		
t least 20 feet, and	The Ala The Ala	TONK A DON ATA AND	or wall + 10 evergreer		
reates the impression	AAO FIXO AAO FIXO		shrubs per every 100		
f spatial separation	AL MONTH OF THE	WALL WAS ONT DAY	linear feet		
vithout eliminating isual contact between					
ses.					
363.	Type C	SEMI-OPAQUE			
	8 ACI of shade trees + 9 ACI of small	6 ACI of shade trees + 12 ACI of small			
	trees + 11 shrubs per every 100 linear feet	trees + 15 shrubs per every 100 linear feet			
his perimeter buffer	(at least 30% of all plants shall be	(at least 60% of all plants shall be	6-foot-tall opaque fence		
unctions as a semi-	evergreen)	evergreen)	or wall + 15 evergreen		
paque screen from	97294 A O QV RAA	UKA JAMAY JAMAY JAMAY	shrubs per every 100		
he ground to at least a eight of four feet.	De la Carta		linear feet		
eight of four feet.	A DAMAGE DE LA COMPANION DE LA	The state of the s			
	Type D	- Opaque			
his perimeter buffer	10 ACI of shade trees + 13.5 ACI of small	6 ACI of shade trees + 15 ACI of small			
unctions as an opaque	trees + 23 shrubs per every 100 linear feet	trees + 29 shrubs per every 100 linear feet			
creen from the	(at least 30% of all plants shall be	(at least 60% of all plants shall be			
round to a height of	evergreen)	evergreen)	6-foot-tall opaque wall		
t least six feet. This	T 2V7800040 10 12V7X	Albert Miles	20 evergreen shrubs pe		
ype of buffer prevents			every 100 feet		
isual contact between ses and creates a			•		
trong impression of		The state of the s			
otal separation.					
NOTES:	<u> </u>				
		ed in accordance with Section 3.4.W, Administ			

# ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS

- Concept (cont.):
  - Key that criteria be specific and measureable, where appropriate
- Borough: Considering using for parking
- Recent Examples: Most codes
   Clarion has updated in last decade.

   Varying degrees of application



- Add Mobility, Circulation, and Connectivity Standards
  - Multimodal access and circulation, sidewalks, street trees
  - Connected access and circulation systems
- Modernize Off-Street Parking, Loading, and Add Bicycle Standards
  - Develop unified parking table
  - Modernize parking standards, where appropriate
  - Move away from "one size fits all" standards
  - Consider parking "cap" for certain uses
  - Consider broadening parking flexibility provisions
  - Require bicycle parking in most districts
- Review and Refine Landscaping Standards
  - Evaluate current parking lot landscaping and identify refinements to incorporate best practices
  - Incorporate standards into new Ordinance framework

